# VICAR OF WAKEFIELD.

VOLUME THE SECOND.

#### CHAP. I.

THE HISTORY OF A PHILOSOPHIC VAGABOND, PUR-SUING NOVELTY, BUT LOSING CONTENT.

FTER we had fupped, Mrs. Arnold politely offered to fend a couple of her footmen for my fon's baggage, which he at first feemed to decline; but upon her preffing the request, he was obliged to inform her, that a flick and a wallet were all the moveable things upon this earth which he could boast of. 'Why, aye, my fon,' cried I, 'you left me but poor, and poor I find you are ' come back; and yet I make no doubt you have feen a 'great deal of the world.' 'Yes, Sir,' replied my fon, but travelling after fortune is not the way to fecure her; and, indeed, of late, I have defifted from the pursuit.' ' I fancy, Sir,' cried Mrs. Arnold, ' that the account of 'your adventures would be amufing: the first part of them I have often heard from my niece; but could the company prevail for the rest, it would be an additional 'obligation.' 'Madam,' replied my fon, 'I promife you

the pleasure you have in hearing, will not be half so great ' as my vanity in repeating them, and yet in the whole ' narrative I can scarce promise you one adventure, as my ' account is rather of what I faw, than what I did. ' first misfortune of my life, which you all know, was ' great; but though it distrest, it could not fink me. No ' person ever had a better knack at hoping than I. The 'less kind I found fortune at one time, the more I ex-' pected from her another; and being now at the bottom of her wheel, every new revolution might lift, but could not depress me. I proceeded, therefore, towards London in a fine morning, no way uneafy about to-' morrow, but chearful as the birds that carolled by the ' road; and comforted myself with reflecting, that London was the mart where abilities of every kind were fure of ' meeting distinction and reward.

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'Upon my arrival in town, Sir, my first care was to deliver your letter of recommendation to our coufin, who was himself in little better circumstances than I. My first scheme, you know, Sir, was to be usher at an academy, and I asked his advice on the affair. Our cousin received the propofal with a true Sardonic grin. ' cried he, "this is indeed a very pretty career that has "been chalked out for you. I have been an usher to a "boarding-school myself; and may I die by an anodyne " necklace, but I had rather be an under-turnkey in "Newgate. I was up early and late: I was brow-beat "by the master, hated for my ugly face by the mistress, "worried by the boys within, and never permitted to flir " out to meet civility abroad. But are you fure you are "fit for a school? Let me examine you a little. Have "you been bred an apprentice to the business?" No.

"Then you won't do for a school. Can you dress the " boys hair?" No. "Then you won't do for a school. "Have you had the fmall pox?" No. "Then you "won't do for a school. Can you lie three in a bed?" 'No. "Then you will never do for a school. Have "you got a good stomach?" Yes. "Then you will by " no means do for a school. No, Sir, if you are for a "genteel easy profession, bind yourself seven years as an "apprentice to turn a cutler's wheel; but avoid a school "by any means. Yet come," continued he, "I fee "you are a lad of spirit and some learning, what do you "think of commencing author, like me? You have read " in books, no doubt, of men of genius starving at the "trade: at prefent I'll shew you forty very dull fellows " about town that live by it in opulence. All honest jog-"trot men, who go on fmoothly and dully, and write " history and politicks, and are praised: men, Sir, who, "had they been bred coblers, would all their lives have " only mended shoes, but never made them."

'Finding that there was no degree of gentility affixed to the character of an usher, I resolved to accept his proposal; and having the highest respect for literature, hailed the antiqua mater of Grub-street with reverence. I thought it my glory to pursue a track which Dryden and Otway trod before me. I considered the goddess of this region as the parent of excellence; and however an intercourse with the world might give us good-sense, the poverty she granted I supposed to be the nurse of genius! Big with these reslections, I sat down, and finding that the best things remained to be said on the wrong side, I resolved to write a book that should be wholly new. I therefore dress up three paradoxes with some ingenuity.

'They were false, indeed, but they were new. The 'jewels of truth have been so often imported by others, 'that nothing was left for me to import but some splendid things that at a distance looked every bit as well. 'Witness, you powers, what fancied importance sate 'perched upon my quill while I was writing. The whole 'learned world, I made no doubt, would rise to oppose 'my systems; but then I was prepared to oppose the whole 'learned world. Like the porcupine, I sate self-collected, 'with a quill pointed against every opposer.'

'Well faid, my boy,' cried I, 'and what subject did 'you treat upon? I hope you did not pass over the importance of monogamy. But I interrupt, go on; you 'published your paradoxes; well, and what did the learn-

ed world fay to your paradoxes?'

'Sir,' replied my fon, 'the learned world faid nothing to my paradoxes; nothing at all, Sir. Every man of them was employed in praifing his friends and himfelf, or condemning his enemies; and unfortunately, as I had neither, I fuffered the cruellest mortification, neglect.

As I was meditating one day in a coffee-house on the fate of my paradoxes, a little man happening to enter the room, placed himself in the box before me, and after some preliminary discourse, finding me to be a scholar, drew out a bundle of proposals, begging me to subscribe to a new edition he was going to give the world of Propertius, with notes. This demand necessarily produced a reply that I had no money; and that concession led him to enquire into the nature of my expectations. Finding that my expectations were just as great as my purse, "I see," cried he, "you are unacquainted with the town. I'll teach you a part of it. Look at these

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"proposals; upon these very proposals I have subsisted "very comfortably for twelve years. The moment a " nobleman returns from his travels, a Creolian arrives "from Jamaica, or a dowager from her country-feat, I " strike for a subscription. I first besiege their hearts with "flattery, and then pour in my propofals at the breach. " If they fubscribe readily the first time, I renew my re-" quest to beg a dedication fee. If they let me have that, "I smite them once more for engraving their coat of " arms at the top. "Thus," continued he, "I live by "vanity, and laugh at it. But between ourselves, I am " now too well known, I should be glad to borrow your " face a bit: a nobleman of diffinction has just returned " from Italy; my face is familiar to his porter; but if " you bring this copy of verses, my life for it you fucceed, " and we divide the fpoil."

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'Bless us, George,' cried I, 'and is this the employ-'ment of poets now! Do men of their exalted talents 'thus stoop to beggary! Can they so far disgrace their 'calling, as to make a vile traffic of praise for bread?'

'O no, Sir,' returned he, 'a true poet can never be so base; for wherever there is genius there is pride. The creatures I now describe are only beggars in rhyme. The real poet, as he braves every hardship for same, so he is equally a coward to contempt; and none but those

who are unworthy protection, condescend to solicit it.

'Having a mind too proud to stoop to such indignities,
and yet a fortune too humble to hazard a second attempt
for same, I was now obliged to take a middle course,
and write for bread. But I was unqualified for a profession where mere industry alone was to ensure success.

'I could not suppress my lurking passion for applause; but

'ufually confumed that time in efforts after excellence which takes up but little room, when it should have been more advantageously employed in the diffusive productions of fruitful mediocrity. My little piece would therefore come forth in the midst of periodical publications, unnoticed and unknown. The public were more importantly employed than to observe the easy simplicity of my style, or the harmony of my periods. Sheet after sheet was thrown off to oblivion. My essays were buried among the essays upon liberty, eastern tales, and cures for the bite of a mad dog; while Philautus, Philalethes, Philelutheros, and Philanthropos, all wrote

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'Now, therefore, I began to affociate with none but disappointed authors, like myself, who praised, deplored, and despised each other. The satisfaction we found in every celebrated writer's attempts, was inversely as their merits. I found that no genius in another could please me. My unfortunate paradoxes had entirely dried up the source of comfort. I could neither read nor write with satisfaction; for excellence in another was my aversion, and writing was my trade.

' better, because they wrote faster than I.

'In the midst of these gloomy restrictions, as I was one day sitting on a bench in St. James's Park, a young gentleman of distinction, who had been my intimate acquaintance at the university, approached me. We saluted each other with some hesitation, he almost ashamed of being known to one who made so shabby an appearance, and I asraid of a repulse. But my suspicions soon vanished; for Ned Thornhill was at the bottom a very good-natured sellow.'

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'What did you fay, George?' interrupted I. 'Thorn-'hill! was not that his name? It can certainly be no other than my landlord.' 'Bless me,' cried Mrs. Arnold, 'is Mr. Thornhill so near a neighbour of your's? He has 'long been a friend in our family, and we expect a visit 'from him shortly.'

'My friend's first care,' continued my son, 'was to alter my appearance by a very fine suit of his own clothes, and then I was admitted to his table, upon the sooting of half friend, half underling. My business was to attend him at auctions, to put him in spirits when he sat for his picture, to take the left-hand in his chariot when not filled by another, and to assist at tattering a kip, as the phrase was, when we had a mind for a frolick. Besides this, I had twenty other little employments in the samily. I was to do many small things without bidding: to carry the corkscrew; to stand godfather to all the butler's children; to sing when I was bid; to be never out of humour; always to be humble; and, if I could, to be very happy.

'In this honourable post, however, I was not without a rival. A captain of marines, who was formed for the place by nature, opposed me in my patron's affections.

'His mother had been laundress to a man of quality, and

thus he early acquired a taste for pimping and pedigree.
As this gentleman made it the study of his life to be ac-

As this gentleman made it the itudy of his life to be acquainted with lords, though he was dismissed from se-

' veral for his stupidity; yet he found many of them, who

were as dull as himself, that permitted his affiduities.

As flattery was his trade, he practifed it with the easiest address imaginable; but it came aukward and stiff from

'me; and as every day my patron's defire of flattery in-

creafed, fo every hour, being better acquainted with his ' defects, I became more unwilling to give it. was once more fairly going to give up the field to the captain, when my friend found occasion for my affistance. 'This was nothing less than to fight a duel for him, with 'a gentleman whose fister it was pretended he had used ill. 'I readily complied with his request; and though I see 'you are displeased at my conduct, yet as it was a debt 'indispensibly due to friendship, I could not refuse. ' undertook the affair, difarmed my antagonist, and foon ' after had the pleafure of finding that the lady was only a 'woman of the town, and the fellow her bully and a ' sharper. This piece of service was repaid with the ' warmest professions of gratitude; but as my friend was ' to leave town in a few days, he knew no other method of ferving me, but by recommending me to his uncle Sir 'William Thornhill, and another nobleman of great dif-'tinction, who enjoyed a post under the government. 'When he was gone, my first care was to carry his re-' commendatory letter to his uncle, a man whose character ' for every virtue was univerfal, yet just. I was received by his fervants with the most hospitable smiles; for the ' looks of the domesticks ever transmit their master's bene-Being shewn into a grand apartment, where 'Sir William foon came to me, I delivered my meffage and letter, which he read, and after paufing fome mi-'nutes, "Pray, Sir," cried he, "inform me what you " have done for my kinfman, to deferve this warm recom-"mendation? But I suppose, Sir, I guess your merits, "you have fought for him; and fo you would expect a " reward from me for being the instrument of his vices. I "wish, fincerely wish, that my present refusal may be

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" fome punishment for your guilt; but still more, that it " may be some inducement to your repentance." The ' feverity of this rebuke I bore patiently, because I knew 'it was just. My whole expectations now, therefore, lay in my letter to the great man. As the doors of the no-'bility are almost ever beset with beggars, all ready to 'thrust in some sly petition, I found it no easy matter to 'gain admittance. However, after bribing the fervants with half my worldly fortune, I was at last shewn into 'a fpacious apartment, my letter being previously fent up for his lordship's inspection. During this anxious in-'terval I had full time to look round me. Every thing was grand and of happy contrivance; the paintings, the ' furniture, the gildings, petrified me with awe, and raifed 'my idea of the owner. Ah, thought I to myfelf, how 'very great must the possessor of all these things be, who ' carries in his head the business of the state, and whose ' house displays half the wealth of the kingdom: fure his 'genius must be unfathomable! During these awful re-'flections I heard a step come heavily forward. Ah, this is the great man himself! No, it was only a chamber-' maid. Another foot was heard foon after. This must be he! No, it was only the great man's valet de cham-'bre. At last his lordship actually made his appearance. "Are you," cried he, "the bearer of this here letter?" "I answered with a bow. "I learn by this," continued 'he, as how that—" But just at that instant a servant de-'livered him a card; and without taking farther notice, ' he went out of the room, and left me to digeft my own happiness at leisure. I saw no more of him, till told by a footman that his lordship was going to his coach at 'the door. Down I immediately followed, and joined

'my voice to that of three or four more, who came, like 'me, to petition for favours. His lordship, however, 'went too fast for us, and was gaining his chariot door 'with large strides, when I hallooed out to know if I was 'to have any reply. He was by this time got in, and 'muttered an answer, half of which I only heard, the 'other half was lost in the rattling of his chariot wheels. 'I stood for some time with my neck stretched out, in the 'posture of one that was listening to catch the glorious 'founds, till, -looking round me, I found myself alone at 'his lordship's gate.

'My patience,' continued my fon, 'was now quite ex-' hausted: stung with the thousand indignities I had met with, I was willing to cast myself away, and only wanted the gulph to receive me. I regarded myfelf as one of those vile things that nature designed should be thrown by into her lumber-room, there to perish in ' obscurity. I had still, however, half a guinea left, and of that I thought nature herfelf should not deprive me: but in order to be fure of this, I was refolved to go inflantly and fpend it while I had it, and then trust to occurences for the rest. As I was going along with this resolution, it happened that Mr. Crispe's office seemed 'invitingly open to give me a welcome reception. ' this office Mr. Crifpe kindly offers all his majesty's ' fubjects a generous promife of 30l. a year, for which ' promise all they give in return is their liberty for life, and permission to let him transport them to America as I was happy at finding a place where I could ' lose my fears in desperation, and entered this cell, for it had ' the appearance of one, with the devotion of a monastic. 'Here I found a number of poor creatures, all in cir-

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' cumstances like myself, expecting the arrival of Mr. 'Crifpe, presenting a true epitome of English impatience. ' Each untractable foul at variance with fortune, wreaked her injuries on their own hearts: but Mr. Crifpe at last came down, and all our murmurs were hushed. deigned to regard me with an air of peculiar approbation, and indeed he was the first man who for a month past ' talked to me with smiles. After a few questions, he ' found I was fit for every thing in the world. He paused 'a while upon the properest means of providing for me, and flapping his forehead, as if he had found it, affured ' me, that there was at that time an embaffy talked of from the fynod of Penfylvania to the Chickafaw Indians, ' and that he would use his interest to get me made secretary. I knew in my own heart that the fellow lyed, and 'yet his promife gave me pleafure, there was fomething ' fo magnificent in the found. I fairly, therefore, divided ' my half guinea, one half of which went to be added to his thirty thousand pounds, and with the other half I ' resolved to go to the next tavern, to be there more happy ' than he.

'As I was going out with that refolution, I was met at the door by the captain of a ship, with whom I had formerly some little acquaintance, and he agreed to be my companion over a bowl of punch. As I never chose to make a secret of my circumstances, he assured me that I was upon the very point of ruin, in listening to the office-keeper's promises; for that he only designed to sell me to the plantations. "But," continued he, I fancy you might, by a much shorter voyage, be very easily put into a genteel way of bread. Take my advice. "My ship sails to-morrow for Amsterdam: what if you

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"go in her as a passenger? The moment you land, all you "have to do is to teach the Dutchmen English, and I'll "warrant you'll get pupils and money enough. I fup-" pose you understand English," added he, "by this "time, or the deuce is in it." I confidently affured him of that; but expressed a doubt whether the Dutch would be willing to learn English. He affirmed with an oath that they were fond of it to distraction; and upon that 'affirmation I agreed with his propofal, and embarked the 'next day to teach the Dutch English in Holland. ' wind was fair, our voyage short, and after having paid 'my passage with half my moveables, I found myself, fallen as from the skies, a stranger in one of the principal ftreets of Amsterdam. In this situation I was unwilling ' to let any time pass unemployed in teaching. I addres-'fed myself therefore to two or three of those I met, ' whose appearance seemed most promising; but it was im-' possible to make ourselves mutually understood. It was ' not till this very moment I recollected, that in order to ' teach Dutchmen English, it was necessary that they 'should first teach me Dutch. How I came to overlook ' fo obvious an objection, is to me amazing; but certain 'it is I overlooked it.

'This scheme thus blown up, I had some thoughts of fairly shipping back to England again; but happening into company with an Irish student, who was returning from Louvain, our conversation turned upon topicks of literature (for by the way, it may be observed, that I always forgot the meanness of my circumstances when I could converse upon such subjects;) from him I learned, that there were not two men in his whole university who understood Greek. This amazed me. I instantly resolved

to travel to Louvain, and there live by teaching Greek; and in this defign I was heartened by my brother student, who threw out some hints that a fortune might be got by it.

'I fet boldly forward the next morning. Every day 'leffened the burden of my moveables, like Æfop and his ' basket of bread; for I paid them for my lodgings to the Dutch as I travelled on. When I came to Louvain, I ' was refolved not to go fneaking to the lower profesfors, but openly tendered my talents to the principal himfelf. 'I went, had admittance, and offered him my fervice as a 'master of the Greek language, which I had been told was a defideratum in his univerfity. The principal feem-'ed at first to doubt of my abilities; but of these I offered to convince him, by turning a part of any Greek author he should fix upon into Latin. Finding me perfectly ear-"nest in my proposal, he addressed me thus: "You "fee me, young man, I never learned Greek, and "I don't find that I have ever missed it. I have "had a doctor's cap and gown without Greek; I have "ten thousand florins a year without Greek; I eat heartily "without Greek; and in short," continued he, "as I "don't know Greek, I do not believe there is any good " in it."

'I was now too far from home to think of returning; fo I refolved to go forward. I had fome knowledge of music, with a tolerable voice; I now turned what was once my amusement into a present means of subsistence. I passed among the harmless peasants of Flanders, and among such of the French as were poor enough to be very merry; for I ever found them sprightly in proportion to their wants. Whenever I approached a peasant's house, to-

wards night-fall I played one of the most merry tunes, and that procured me not only a lodging, but subsistence for the next day. I once or twice attempted to play for people of fashion; but they always thought my performance odious, and never rewarded me even with a trifle. This was to me the more extraordinary, as whenever I used in better days to play for company, when playing was my amusement, my music never failed to throw them into raptures, and the ladies especially; but as it was now my only means, it was received with contempt: a proof how ready the world is to under-rate those talents by which a man is supported.

'In this manner, I proceeded to Paris, with no defign but just to look about me, and then to go forward. The ' people of Paris are much fonder of strangers that have mo-' ney than of those that have wit. As I could not boast much of either, I was no great favourite. After walking about ' the town four or five days, and feeing the outfides of the best houses, I was preparing to leave this retreat of venal 'hospitality; when passing through one of the principal ' streets, whom should I meet but our cousin, to whom you ' first recommended me! This meeting was very agreeable ' to me, and I believe not displeasing to him. He enquired ' into the nature of my journey to Paris, and informed me of his own business there, which was to collect pictures, ' medals, intaglios, and antiques of all kinds, for a gentle-' man in London, who had just stept into taste and a large 'fortune. I was the more furprized at feeing our coufin ' pitched upon for this office, as he himself had often af-' fured me he knew nothing of the matter. Upon asking ' how he had been taught the art of connoscento fo very fud-'denly, he affured me that nothing was more eafy. The

whole fecret confifted in a strict adherence to two rules: the one always to observe, that the picture might have been better if the painter had taken more pains; and the other to praise the works of Pietro Perugino. "But," fays he, "as I once taught you how to be an author in "London, I'll now undertake to instruct you in the art of

" picture-buying in Paris."

With this propofal I very readily closed, as it was living, and now all my ambition was to live. I went there-' fore to his lodgings, improved my drefs by his affiftance, ' and after some time, accompanied him to auctions of pic-' tures, where the English gentry were expected to be pur-'chafers. I was not a little furprized at his intimacy with ' people of the best fashion, who referred themselves to his 'judgment, upon every picture or medal, as an unerring ' standard of taste. He made very good use of my affistance ' upon these occasions; for, when asked his opinion, he would ' gravely take me afide, and ask mine, shrug, look wife, re-' turn, and affure the company that he could give no opi-' nion upon an affair of fo much importance. Yet there was fometimes an occasion for a more supported affurance. 'I remember to have feen him, after giving his opinion that ' the colouring of a picture was not mellow enough, very ' deliberately take a brush with brown varnish, that was ac-' cidentally lying by, and rub it over the piece with great ' composure before all the company, and then ask if he had ' not improved the tints.

'When he had finished his commission in Paris, he left me strongly recommended to several men of distinction, as a person very proper for a travelling tutor; and, after fome time, I was employed in that capacity by a gentleman who brought his ward to Paris, in order to set him

forward on his tour through Europe. I was to be the voung gentleman's governor, but with a promife that he ' should always govern himself. My pupil, in fact, understood the art of guiding in money concerns much better than I. He was heir to a fortune of about two hundred thousand ' pounds, left him by an uncle in the West-Indies; and his guardians, to qualify him for the management of it, had bound him apprentice to an attorney. Thus avarice was ' his prevailing paffion: all his questions on the road were '-how much money might be faved; which was the least 'expensive course of travel; whether any thing could be ' bought that would turn to account when disposed of again 'in London. Such curiofities on the way as could be feen for nothing, he was ready enough to look at; but if the ' fight of them was to be paid for, he usually afferted that ' he had been told they were not worth feeing. He never ' paid a bill that he would not observe, how amazingly ex-' penfive travelling was; and all this though he was not yet 'twenty-one. When arrived at Leghorn, as we took a walk to look at the port and shipping, he enquired the expence of the passage by sea home to England. This, ' he was informed, was but a trifle, compared to his return-'ing by land: he was therefore unable to withstand the ' temptation; fo paying me the small part of my falary that was due, he took leave, and embarked, with only one at-' tendant, for London.

'I now therefore was left once more upon the world at 'large; but then it was a thing I was used to. However, 'my skill in musick could avail me nothing in a country 'where every peasant was a better musician than I; but by 'this time I had acquired another talent, which answered 'my purpose as well, and this was a skill in disputation.

In all the foreign universities and convents, there are upon certain days philosophical these maintained against
every adventitious disputant; for which, if the champion
opposes with any dexterity, he can claim a gratuity in money, a dinner, and a bed for one night. In this manner,
therefore, I sought my way towards England; walked
along from city to city; examined mankind more nearly;
and, if I may so express it, saw both sides of the picture.
My remarks, however, are but sew: I sound that monarchy was the best government for the poor to live in, and
commonwealths for the rich. I sound that riches in general were in every country another name for freedom;
and that no man is so fond of liberty himself, as not to
be desirous of subjecting the will of some individuals in
fociety to his own.

'Upon my arrival in England, I refolved to pay my ' respects first to you, and then to enlist as a volunteer in the first expedition that was going forward; but, on my ' journey down, my refolutions were changed, by meeting ' an old acquaintance, who I found belonged to a compa-'ny of comedians, that were going to make a fummer 'campaign in the country. The company feemed not ' much to disapprove of me for an affociate. They all, how-' ever, apprized me of the importance of the task at which 'I aimed; that the public was a many-headed monster, and ' that only fuch as had very good heads could pleafe it: that ' acting was not to be learned in a day; and that without ' fome traditional shrugs, which had been on the stage, and only on the stage, these hundred years, I could never pretend ' to please. The next difficulty was in fitting me with parts, 'as almost every character was in keeping. I was driven, for fome time, from one character to another, till at last

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- ' Horatio was fixed upon, which the presence of the pre-
- fent company has happily hindered me from acting.'

### CHAP. II.

THE SHORT CONTINUANCE OF FRIENDSHIP AMONGST THE VICIOUS, WHICH IS COEVAL ONLY WITH MUTUAL SATISFACTION.

My fon's account was too long to be delivered at once. The first part of it was begun that night, and he was concluding the rest after dinner the next day, when the appearance of Mr. Thornhill's equipage at the door seemed to make a pause in the general satisfaction. The butler, who was now become my friend in the family, informed me with a whisper, that the squire had already made some overtures to Miss Wilmot, and that her aunt and uncle seemed highly to approve the match. Upon Mr. Thornhill's entering, he seemed, at seeing my son and me, to start back; but I readily imputed that to surprize, and not displeasure. However, upon our advancing to salute him, he returned our greeting with the most apparent candour; and after a short time, his presence seemed only to increase the general good humour.

After tea he called me afide, to enquire after my daughter; but, upon my informing him that my enquiry was unfuccefsful, he feemed greatly furprized; adding, that he had been fince frequently at my house, in order to comfort the rest of the family, whom he left perfectly well. He then asked if I had communicated her misfortune to Miss

Wilmot, or my fon; and, upon my replying that I had not told them as yet, he greatly approved my prudence and precaution, defiring me by all means to keep it a fecret: 'For, at best,' cried he, 'it is but divulging one's 'own infamy; and perhaps Miss Livy may not be so ' guilty as we all imagine.' We were here interrupted by a fervant, who came to ask the squire in, to stand up at country dances; fo that he left me quite pleafed with the interest he seemed to take in my concerns. His addresses, however, to Miss Wilmot, were too obvious to be mistaken: and yet she seemed not perfectly pleased, but bore them rather in compliance to the will of her aunt, than from real inclination. I had even the fatisfaction to fee her lavish some kind looks upon my unfortunate son, which the other could neither extort by his fortune nor affiduity. Mr. Thornhill's feeming composure, however, not a little furprized me: we had now continued here a week, at the pressing instances of Mr. Arnold; but each day the more tenderness Miss Wilmot shewed my son, Mr. Thornhill's friendship seemed proportionably to increase for him.

He had formerly made us the most kind assurances of using his interest to serve the family; but now his generosity was not confined to promises alone. The morning I designed for my departure, Mr. Thornhill came to me with looks of real pleasure, to inform me of a piece of service he had done for his friend George. This was nothing less than his having procured him an ensign's commission in one of the regiments that was going to the West Indies, for which he had promised but one hundred pounds, his interest being sufficient to get an abatement of the other two. As for this trisling piece of service, continued the young gentleman, I desire no other reward but the plea-

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fure of having ferved my friend: and as for the hundred pounds to be paid, if you are unable to raise it yourselves,

'I will advance it, and you shall repay me at your leifure.' This was a favour we wanted words to express our sense of: I readily, therefore, gave my bond for the money; and testified as much gratitude as if I never intended to

oav.

George was to depart for town the next day, to fecure his commission, in pursuance of his generous patron's directions, who judged it highly expedient to use dispatch, lest in the mean time another should step in with more advantageous propofals. The next morning, therefore, our young foldier was early prepared for his departure, and feemed the only person among us that was not affected by Neither the fatigues and dangers he was going to encounter, nor the friends and mistress-for Miss Wilmot actually loved him-he was leaving behind, any way damped his spirits. After he had taken leave of the rest of the company, I gave him all that I had, my bleffing. 'And 'now, my boy,' cried I, 'thou art going to fight for thy country, remember how thy brave grandfather fought for ' his facred king, when loyalty among Britons was a virtue. 'Go, my boy; and imitate him in all but his misfortunes, 'if it was a misfortune to die with Lord Falkland. Go, 'my boy; and if you fall, though diftant, exposed, and ' unwept by those that love you, the most precious tears are ' those with which Heaven bedews the unburied head of a " foldier."

The next morning I took leave of the good family, that had been kind enough to entertain me fo long, not without feveral expressions of gratitude to Mr. Thornhill for his late bounty. I left them in the enjoyment of all that

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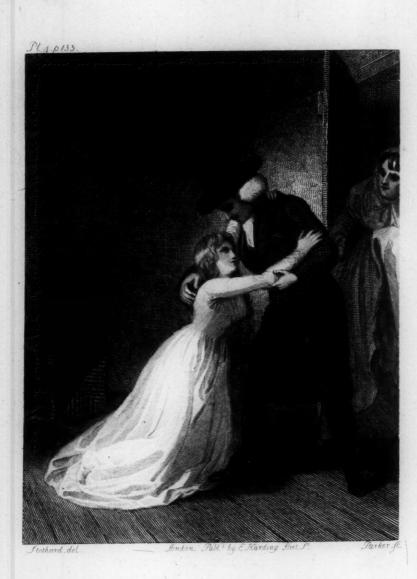
happiness which affluence and good-breeding procure, and returned towards home, despairing of ever finding my daughter more, but fending a figh to Heaven to spare and forgive her. I was now come within about twenty miles from home, having hired a horfe to carry me, as I was yet but weak, and comforted myfelf with the hopes of foon feeing all I held dearest upon earth. But the night coming on, I put up at a little publick-house by the road-side, and asked for the landlord's company over a pint of wine. fat befide his kitchen-fire, which was the best room in the house, and chatted on politicks and the news of the country. We happened, among other topicks, to talk of young Squire Thornhill, who the host affured me was hated as much as his uncle Sir William, who fometimes came down to the country, was loved. He went on to observe, that he made it his whole study to betray the daughters of fuch as received him to their houses; and, after a fortnight or three weeks possession, turned them out unrewarded, and abandoned to the world. As we continued our discourse in this manner, his wife, who had been out to get change, returned, and perceiving that her husband was enjoying a pleafure in which she was not a sharer, she asked him, in an angry tone, what he did there; to which he only replied in an ironical way, by drinking her health. 'Mr. 'Symmonds,' cried she, 'you use me very ill, and I'll bear it no longer. Here three parts of the business is 'left for me to do, and the fourth left unfinished; while 'you do nothing but foak with the guests all day long; whereas, if a spoonful of liquor were to cure me of a fever, 'I never touch a drop.' I now found what she would be at, and immediately poured out a glass, which she received with a curtfey, and drinking towards my good health,

"Sir,' refumed she, "it is not so much for the value of the 'liquor I am angry, but one cannot help it, when the ' house is going out of the windows. If the customers or ' guests are to be dunned, all the burden lies upon my 'back: he'd as lief eat that glass as budge after them himfelf. There now above stairs, we have a young woman, ' who has come to take up her lodgings here, and I don't believe she has got any money by her over civility. I am certain she is very flow of payment, and I wish she 'were put in mind of it.' 'What fignifies minding her?' cried the host: 'if she be slow, she is sure.' 'I don't 'know that,' replied the wife; 'but I know that I am fure she has been here a fortnight, and we have not yet ' feen the crofs of her money.' 'I fuppose, my dear,' cried he, 'we shall have it all in a lump.' 'In a lump,' cried the other; 'I hope we may get it any way; and ' that I am refolved we will this very night, or out she 'tramps, bag and baggage.' 'Confider, my dear,' cried the husband, ' she is a gentlewoman, and deserves more respect.' 'As for the matter of that,' returned the hostefs, 'gentle or simple, out she shall pack with a fuf-' farara. Gentry may be good things where they take; but, for my part, I never faw much good of them at the ' fign of the Harrow.' Thus faying, she ran up a narrow flight of flairs that went from the kitchen to a room over head, and I foon perceived by the loudness of her voice, and the bitterness of her reproaches, that no money was to be had from her lodger. I could hear the remonftrances very diffinctly-' Out, I fay; pack out this mo-'ment! Tramp, thou infamous strumpet, or I'll give thee ' a mark thou won't be the better for these three months. ! What! you trumpery, to come and take up an honest

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house, without cross or coin to bless yourself with: come 'along, I fay.' 'O, dear Madam,' cried the stranger, ' pity me, pity a poor abandoned creature for one night, ' and Death will foon do the rest.' I instantly knew the voice of my poor ruined child Olivia. I flew to her refcue, while the woman was dragging her along by her hair, and I caught the dear forlorn wretch in my arms. 'Wel-'come, any way welcome, my dearest lost one, my trea-' fure, to your poor old father's bosom. Though the ' vicious forfake thee, there is yet one in the world that ' will never forfake thee: though thou hast ten thousand 'crimes to answer for, he will forget them all.' 'O my 'own dear-' for minutes she could say no more, 'my 'own dearest, good papa! Could angels be kinder! How ' do I deferve fo much! The villain, I hate him and my-' felf to be a reproach to fo much goodness. You can't 'forgive me. I know you cannot.' 'Yes, my child, ' from my heart I do forgive thee! Only repent, and we 'both shall yet be happy. We shall see many pleasant 'days yet, my Olivia.' 'Ah! never, Sir, never. The 'rest of my wretched life must be infamy abroad, and' ' shame at home. But, alas! papa, you look much paler ' than you used to do. Could such a thing as I am give 'you fo much uneafinefs! Sure you have too much wif-'dom to take the miseries of my guilt upon yourself.' 'Our wisdom, young woman,' replied I. 'Ah, why so' 'cold a name, papa?' cried she. 'This is the first time 'you ever called me by fo cold a name.' 'I ask pardon, 'my darling,' returned I; 'but I was going to observe, that wisdom makes but a slow defence against trouble, ' though at last a fure one.'

The landlady now returned to know if we did not chuse a more genteel apartment; to which affenting, we were shewn a room where we could converse more freely. After we had talked ourselves into some degree of tranquillity, I could not avoid desiring some account of the gradations that led to her present wretched situation. 'That villain, Sir,' said she, 'from the first day of our meeting, made me ho-'nourable, though private, proposals.'

'Villain indeed!' cried I; 'and yet it in some measure 'furprizes me, how a person of Mr. Burchell's good sense and seeming honour could be guilty of such deliberate

' baseness, and thus step into a family to undo it.'

'My dear papa,' returned my daughter, 'you labour ' under a strange mistake. Mr. Burchell never attempted to deceive me. Instead of that, he took every opportu-'nity of privately admonishing me against the artifices of 'Mr. Thornhill, who I now find was even worfe than he 'represented him.' 'Mr. Thornhill!' interrupted I, 'can it be?' 'Yes, Sir,' returned she, 'it was Mr. 'Thornhill who feduced me; who employed the two ' ladies, as he called them, but who in fact were abandoned women of the town, without breeding or pity, to de-'coy us up to London. Their artifices, you may remember, would have certainly succeeded but for Mr. Bur-'chell's letter, who directed those reproaches at them, ' which we all applied to ourselves. How he came to have ' fo much influence as to defeat their intentions, still re-' mains a fecret to me; but I am convinced he was ever our warmest, sincerest friend.'

'You amaze me, my dear,' cried I; 'but now I find my first suspicions of Mr. Thornhill's baseness were too well grounded: but he can triumph in security; for he

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is rich, and we are poor. But tell me, my child; fure it was no finall temptation that could thus obliterate all the impressions of such an education, and so virtuous a disposition as thine?

'Indeed, Sir,' replied she, 'he owes all his triumph to 'the desire I had of making him, and not myself, happy. 'I knew that the ceremony of our marriage, which was 'privately performed by a popish priest, was no way binding, and that I had nothing to trust to but his honour.' What,' interrupted I, 'and were you indeed married by 'a priest in orders?'—'Indeed, Sir, we were,' replied she, 'though we were both sworn to conceal his name.' 'Why, 'then, my child, come to my arms again, and now you 'are a thousand times more welcome than before; for you 'are now his wife to all intents and purposes; nor can all 'the laws of man, though written upon tables of adamant, 'lessen the source of that sacred connection.'

'Alas! papa,' replied she, 'you are but little acquaint-'ed with his villainies: he has been married already, by 'the same priest, to six or eight wives more, whom, like 'me, he has deceived and abandoned.'

'Has he fo?' cried I; 'then we must hang the priest, and you shall inform against him to-morrow.' But, 'Sir,' returned she, 'will that be right, when I am sworn to secrefy!' My dear,' I replied, 'if you have made fuch a promise, I cannot, nor will I tempt you to break it. Even though it may benefit the public, you must not inform against him. In all human institutions, a smaller evil is allowed to procure a greater good; as, in politicks, a province may be given away to secure a kingdom; in medicine, a limb may be lopt off to preserve the body. But in religion, the law is written, and inflexibly, never

'to do evil. And this law, my child, is right; for other-'wife, if we commit a smaller evil, to procure a greater 'good, certain guilt would be thus incurred, in expectation 'of contingent advantage. And though the advantage 'should certainly follow, yet the interval between com-'mission and advantage, which is allowed to be guilty, 'may be that in which we are called away to answer for 'the things we have done, and the volume of human 'actions is closed for ever. But I interrupt you, my 'dear: go on.'

'dear: go on.' 'The very next morning,' continued she, 'I found ' what little expectation I was to have from his fincerity. 'That very morning he introduced me to two unhappy women more, whom, like me, he had deceived, but who ' lived in contented profitution. I loved him too tenderly to bear fuch rivals in his affections, and strove to forget 'my infamy in a tumult of pleasures. With this view, 'I danced, dreffed, and talked; but still was unhappy. ' The gentlemen who vifited there told me every moment of the power of my charms, and this only contributed to ' increase my melancholy, as I had thrown all their power ' quite away. Thus each day I grew more pensive, and ' he more infolent, till at last the monster had the assurance 'to offer me to a young baronet of his acquaintance. 'Need I describe, Sir, how his ingratitude stung me? 'My answer to this proposal was almost madness. I de-' fired to part. As I was going, he offered me a purse; but I flung it at him with indignation, and burst from ' him in a rage, that for a while kept me infenfible of the ' miseries of my situation. But I soon looked round me, 'and faw myself a vile, abject, guilty thing, without one

friend in the world to apply to. Just in that interval, a

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- ' flage-coach happening to pass by, I took a place, it being
- 'my only aim to be driven at a distance from a wretch I
- 'despised and detested. I was set down here; where,
- ' fince my arrival, my own anxiety, and this woman's un-
- 'kindness, have been my only companions. The hours
- of pleasure that I have passed with my mamma and fister, now grow painful to me. Their forrows are much;
- fifter, now grow painful to me. Their forrows are much;
- 'but mine are greater than theirs, for mine are mixed 'with guilt and infamy.'
- 'Have patience, my child,' cried I, 'and I hope things
- will yet be better. Take fome repose to-night, and to-
- 'morrow I'll carry you home to your mother and the rest
- ' of the family, from whom you will receive a kind recep-
- 'tion. Poor woman! this has gone to her heart: but
- ' fhe loves you still, Olivia, and will forget it.'

## CHAP. III.

OFFENCES ARE EASILY PARDONED WHERE THERE IS LOVE AT BOTTOM.

THE next morning I took my daughter behind me, and set out on my return home. As we travelled along, I strove, by every persuasion, to calm her sorrows and sears, and to arm her with resolution to bear the presence of her offended mother. I took every opportunity, from the prospect of a fine country, through which we passed, to observe how much kinder Heaven was to us, than we to each other; and that the missortunes of nature's making were but very sew. I assured her, that she should

never perceive any change in my affections, and that during my life, which yet might be long, she might depend upon a guardian and an instructor. I armed her against the censures of the world, shewed her that books were sweet unreproaching companions to the miserable, and that if they could not bring us to enjoy life, they would at least teach us to endure it.

The hired horse that we rode was to be put up that night at an inn by the way, within about five miles from my house; and as I was willing to prepare my family for my daughter's reception, I determined to leave her that night at the inn, and to return for her, accompanied by my daughter Sophia, early the next morning. It was night before we reached our appointed stage: however, after feeing her provided with a decent apartment, and having ordered the hostess to prepare proper refreshments, I kiffed her, and proceeded towards home. And now my heart caught new fenfations of pleasure, the nearer I approached that peaceful manfion. As a bird that had been frighted from it's neft, my affections out-went my hafte, and hovered round my little fire-fide, with all the rapture of expectation. I called up the many fond things I had to fay, and anticipated the welcome I was to receive. I already felt my wife's tender embrace, and fmiled at the joy of my little ones. As I walked but flowly, the night wained apace. The labourers of the day were all retired to rest; the lights were out in every cottage; no founds were heard but of the shrilling cock, and the deepmouthed watch-dog, at hollow diffance. I approached my abode of pleafure, and before I was within a furlong of the place, our honest mastiff came running to welcome me.

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It was now near midnight that I came to knock at my door: all was still and filent; my heart dilated with unutterable happiness; when, to my amazement, I saw the house burfting out in a blaze of fire, and every aperture red with conflagration! I gave a loud convulfive out-cry, and fell upon the pavement infenfible. This alarmed my fon, who had till this been afleep, and he perceiving the flames, inftantly waked my wife and daughter, and all running out, naked, and wild with apprehension, recalled me to life with their anguish. But it was only to objects of new terror; for the flames had by this time caught the roof of our dwelling, part after part continuing to fall in, while the family flood with filent agony, looking on, as if they enjoyed the blaze. I gazed upon them and upon it by turns, and then looked round me for my two little ones; but they were not to be feen. O mifery! 'Where,' cried I, 'where are my little ones?' 'They are burnt ' to death in the flames,' fays my wife calmly, ' and I will 'die with them.' That moment I heard the cry of the babes within, who were just awaked by the fire, and nothing could have flopped me. 'Where, where are my 'children?' cried I, rushing through the flames, and burfting the door of the chamber in which they were confined. 'Where are my little ones?' 'Here, dear papa; 'here we are!' cried they together, while the flames were just catching the bed were they lay. I caught them both in my arms, and fnatched them through the fire as fast as possible, while just as I was got out, the roof funk in. 'Now,' cried I, holding up my children, 'now let the flames burn on, and all my possessions perish. Here they are, I have faved my treasure. Here, my dearest, ' here are our treasures, and we shall yet be happy.' We

kiffed our little darlings a thousand times, they clasped us round the neck, and seemed to share our transports, while their mother laughed and wept by turns.

I now flood a calm spectator of the flames, and after fome time began to perceive that my arm to the shoulder was fcorched in a terrible manner. It was therefore out of my power to give my fon any affistance, either in attempting to fave our goods, or preventing the flames fpreading to our corn. By this time, the neighbours were alarmed, and came running to our affiftance; but all they could do was to fland, like us, spectators of the calamity. My goods, among which were the notes I had referved for my daughters fortunes, were entirely confumed, except a box, with fome papers, that flood in the kitchen, and two or three things more of little confequence, which my fon brought away in the beginning. The neighbours contributed, however, what they could to lighten our diffrefs. They brought us clothes, and furnished one of our outhouses with kitchen utenfils; so that by day-light we had another, though a wretched dwelling, to retire to. honest next neighbour, and his children, were not the least affiduous in providing us with every thing necessary, and offering whatever confolation untutored benevolence could fuggeft.

When the fears of my family had fubfided, curiofity to know the cause of my long stay began to take place; having therefore informed them of every particular, I proceeded to prepare them for the reception of our lost one; and though we had nothing but wretchedness now to impart, I was willing to procure her a welcome to what we had. This task would have been more difficult but for our recent calamity, which had humbled my wise's pride,

and blunted it by more poignant afflictions. Being unable to go for my poor child myfelf, as my arm grew very painful, I fent my fon and daughter, who foon returned, supporting the wretched delinquent, who had not the courage to look up at her mother, whom no instructions of mine could perfuade to a perfect reconciliation; for women have a much stronger sense of semale error than men. 'Ah, Madam,' cried her mother, 'this is but a poor place vou are come to after fo much finery. My daughter Soby and I can afford but little entertainment to perfons who have kept company only with people of distinction. 'Yes, Miss Livy, your poor father and I have suffered ' very much of late; but I hope Heaven will forgive you.' During this reception, the unhappy victim flood pale and trembling, unable to weep or to reply; but I could not continue a filent spectator of her distress; wherefore, assuming a degree of feverity in my voice and manner, which was ever followed with inflant fubmiffion- I entreat, wo-' man, that my words may be now marked once for all: 'I have here brought you back a poor deluded wanderer; her return to duty demands the revival of our tenderness. The real hardships of life are now coming fast upon us; ' let us not therefore increase them by diffention among each other. If we live harmoniously together, we may ' yet be contented, as there are enough of us to shut out ' the cenfuring world, and keep each other in countenance. The kindness of Heaven is promised to the penitent, and 'let ours be directed by the example. Heaven, we are 'affured, is much more pleafed to view a repentant finner, than ninety-nine perfons who have supported a course of ' undeviating rectitude. And this is right: for that fingle effort by which we stop short in the down-hill path to

perdition, is itself a greater exertion of virtue than an hundred acts of justice.'

#### CHAP. IV.

NONE BUT THE GUILTY CAN BE LONG AND COM-PLETELY MISERABLE.

OME affiduity was now required to make our prefent abode as convenient as possible, and we were foon again qualified to enjoy our former ferenity. Being difabled myfelf from affifting my fon in our usual occupations, I read to my family from the few books that were faved, and particularly from fuch as, by amufing the imagination, contributed to ease the heart. Our good neighbours too came every day with the kindest condolence, and fixed a time in which they were all to affift at repairing my former dwelling. Honest Farmer Williams was not last among these visitors; but heartily offered his friendship. He would even have renewed his addresses to my daughter; but she rejected them in fuch a manner as totally represt his future folicitations. Her grief feemed formed for continuing, and fhe was the only person of our little society that a week did not restore to chearfulness. She now lost that unblushing innocence which once taught her to respect herself, and to feek pleafure by pleafing. Anxiety had now taken ftrong possession of her mind, her beauty began to be impaired with her conftitution, and neglect still more contributed to diminish it. Every tender epithet bestowed on her sister brought a pang to her heart and a tear to her eye; and as one vice, though cured, ever plants others where it has

been, fo her former guilt, though driven out by repentance, left jealoufy and envy behind. I strove a thousand ways to lessen her care, and even forgot my own pain in a concern for her's, collecting such amusing passages of history, as a strong memory and some reading could suggest. 'Our happiness, my dear,' I would say,' is in the power of One who can bring it about a thousand unforeseen ways, that mock our foresight. If example be necessary to prove this, I'll give you a story, my child, told us by a grave, though sometimes a romancing historian.

'Matilda was married very young to a Neapolitan nobleman of the first quality, and found herself a widow and a mother at the age of fifteen. As she stood one day caressing her infant son in the open window of an apartment, which hung over the river Volturna, the child, with a sudden spring, leaped from her arms into the slood below, and disappeared in a moment. The mother, struck with instant surprize, and making an effort to save him, plunged in after; but, far from being able to assist the infant, she herself with great difficulty escaped to the opposite shore, just when some French soldiers were plundering the country on that side, who immediately made her their prisoner.

'As the war was then carried on between the French and Italians with the utmost inhumanity, they were going at once to perpetrate those two extremes, suggested by appetite and cruelty. This base resolution, however, was opposed by a young officer, who, though his retreat required the utmost expedition, placed her behind him, and brought her in safety to his native city. Her beauty at first caught his eye, her merit soon after his heart. They were married; he rose to the highest posts; they

' lived long together, and were happy. But the felicity of 'a foldier can never be called permanent: after an interval of feveral years, the troops which he commanded ' having met with a repulse, he was obliged to take shelter in the city where he had lived with his wife. Here they ' fuffered a fiege, and the city at length was taken. Few 'histories can produce more various instances of cruelty, ' than those which the French and Italians at that time exercifed upon each other. It was refolved by the victors, upon this occasion, to put all the French prisoners to death; but particularly the husband of the unfortunate 'Matilda, as he was principally instrumental in pro-' tracting the fiege. Their determinations were, in ge-' neral, executed almost as soon as resolved upon. The captive foldier was led forth, and the executioner, with his fword, flood ready, while the spectators in gloomy ' filence awaited the fatal blow, which was only fuspended ' till the general who prefided as judge, should give the ' fignal. It was in this interval of anguish and expectation, ' that Matilda came to take her last farewel of her husband ' and deliverer, deploring her wretched fituation, and the ' cruelty of fate, that had faved her from perishing by a ' premature death in the river Volturna, to be the spectator ' of still greater calamities. The general, who was a young ' man, was ftruck with furprize at her beauty, and pity 'at her distress; but with still stronger emotions when he heard her mention her former dangers. He was her fon, ' the infant for whom she had encountered so much danger, 'acknowledged her at once as his mother, and fell at her feet. The rest may be easily supposed: the captive was ' fet free, and all the happiness that love, friendship, and 'duty, could confer on earth, were united.'

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In this manner I would attempt to amuse my daughter; but she listened with divided attention; for her own misfortunes engroffed all the pity she once had for those of another, and nothing gave her eafe. In company she dreaded contempt; and in folitude the only found anxiety. Such was the colour of her wretchedness, when we received certain information, that Mr. Thornhill was going to be married to Miss Wilmot, for whom I always sufpected he had a real passion, though he took every opportunity before me to express his contempt both of her person and fortune. This news ferved only to increase poor Olivia's affliction; for fuch a flagrant breach of fidelity was more than her courage could support. I was resolved, however, to get more certain information, and to defeat, if possible, the completion of his designs, by fending my fon to old Wilmot's, with inftructions to know the truth of the report, and to deliver Miss Wilmot a letter, intimating Mr. Thornhill's conduct in my family. My fon went, in pursuance of my directions, and in three days returned, affuring us of the truth of the account, but that he had found it impossible to deliver the letter, which he was therefore obliged to leave, as Mr. Thornhill and Miss Wilmot were visiting round the country. They were to be married, he faid, in a few days, having appeared together at church the Sunday before he was there, in great fplendour, the bride attended by fix young ladies, and he by as many gentlemen. Their approaching nuptials filled the whole country with rejoicing, and they usually rode out together in the grandest equipage that had been in the country for many years. All the friends of both families, he faid, were there, particularly the fquire's uncle, Sir William, who bore fo good a character. He added, that nothing but mirth and feasting were going forward; that all the country praised the young bride's beauty, and the bridegroom's fine person, and that they were immensely fond of each other; concluding, that he could not help thinking Mr. Thornhill one of the most happy men in the world.

'Why, let him if he can,' returned I: 'but, my fon, observe this bed of straw, and unsheltering roof; those 'mouldering walls, and humid floor; my wretched body ' thus difabled by fire, and my children weeping round me ' for bread: you have come home, my child, to all this; 'yet here, even here, you fee a man that would not for a 'thousand worlds exchange fituations. O, my children, 'if you could but learn to commune with your own hearts, ' and know what noble company you can make them, you would little regard the elegance and fplendour of the worth-'lefs. Almost all men have been taught to call life a ' passage, and themselves the travellers. The similitude 'ftill may be improved, when we observe that the good ' are joyful and ferene, like travellers that are going towards home; the wicked but by intervals happy, like ' travellers that are going into exile.'

My compassion for my poor daughter, overpowered by this new disaster, interrupted what I had farther to observe. I bade her mother support her, and after a short time she recovered. She appeared from that time more calm, and I imagined had gained a new degree of resolution: but appearances deceived me; for her tranquillity was the languor of overwrought resentment. A supply of provisions, charitably sent us by my kind parishioners, feemed to diffuse new chearfulness among the rest of my samily, nor was I displeased at seeing them once more sprightly and at ease. It would have been unjust to damp

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their fatisfactions, merely to condole with resolute melancholy, or to burden them with a sadness they did not feel. Thus, once more, the tale went round, and the song was demanded, and chearfulness condescended to hover round our little habitation.

## CHAP. V.

#### FRESH CALAMITIES.

THE next morning the fun arose with peculiar warmth for the season; so that we agreed to breakfast together on the honey-suckle bank: where, while we sat, my youngest daughter, at my request, joined her voice to the concert on the trees about us. It was in this place my poor Olivia. first met her seducer, and every object served to recal her sadness. But that melancholy, which is excited by objects of pleasure, or inspired by sounds of harmony, soothes the heart instead of corroding it. Her mother, too, upon this occasion, selt a pleasing distress, and wept, and loved her daughter as before. 'Do, my pretty Olivia,' cried she, 'let us have that little melancholy air your papa was so 'fond of; your sister Sophy has already obliged us. Do, 'child, it will please your old father.' She complied in a manner so exquisitely pathetic, as moved me.

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WHEN lovely woman floops to folly, And finds too late that men betray, What charm can foothe her melancholy, What art can wash her guilt away? The only art her guilt to cover, To hide her shame from every eye, To give repentance to her lover, And wring his bosom—is to die.

As the was concluding the last stanza, to which an interruption in her voice from forrow gave peculiar foftness, the appearance of Mr. Thornhill's equipage at a distance alarmed us all, but particularly increased the uneafiness of my eldest daughter, who, defirous of shunning her betrayer, returned to the house with her fister. In a few minutes he was alighted from his chariot, and making up to the place where I was still fitting, enquired after my health with his usual air of familiarity. 'Sir,' replied I, 'your ' present assurance only serves to aggravate the baseness of 'your character; and there was a time when I would have chaftifed your infolence, for prefuming thus to appear before me. But now you are fafe; for age has ' cooled my paffions, and my calling restrains them.'

'I vow, my dear Sir,' returned he, 'I am amazed at 'all this; nor can I understand what it means! I hope 'you don't think your daughter's late excursion with me had any thing criminal in it.'

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'Go,' cried I, 'thou art a wretch, a poor pitiful wretch, and every way a liar; but your meannefs fecures 'you from my anger! Yet, Sir, I am descended from a family that would not have borne this! And fo, thou vile thing, to gratify a momentary passion, thou hast made one poor creature wretched for life, and polluted a fa-' mily that had nothing but honour for their portion.'

'If she or you,' returned he, 'are resolved to be miserable, I cannot help it. But you may still be happy; and whatever opinion you may have formed of me, you shall ever find me ready to contribute to it. We can marry her to another in a short time; and what is more, she may keep her lover beside; for I protest I shall ever continue to have a true regard for her.'

I found all my passions alarmed at this new degrading proposal; for though the mind may often be calm under great injuries, little villainy can at any time get within the soul, and sting it into rage. 'Avoid my sight, thou reptile,' cried I, 'nor continue to insult me with thy presence.' Were my brave son at home, he would not suffer this; but I am old and disabled, and every way undone.'

'I find,' cried he, 'you are bent upon obliging me to talk in a harsher manner than I intended. But as I have shewn you what may be hoped from my friendship, it may not be improper to reprefent what may be the confequences of my refentment. My attorney, to whom 'your late bond has been transferred, threatens hard, nor do I know how to prevent the course of justice, except by paying the money myself, which, as I have been at some expences lately, previous to my intended marriage, is not fo easy to be done. And then my steward talks of driving for the rent: it is certain he knows his duty; for I 'never trouble myself with affairs of that nature. Yet 'ftill I could wish to serve you, and even to have you and 'your daughter prefent at my marriage, which is shortly to be folemnized with Miss Wilmot: it is even the re-' quest of my charming Arabella herself, whom I hope you ' will not refuse.'

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'Mr. Thornhill,' replied I, 'hear me once for all: as 'to your marriage with any but my daughter, that I never will consent to; and though your friendship could raise

" me to a throne, or your refentment fink me to the grave,
" yet would I despise both. Thou hast once woefully,

' irreparably, deceived me. I reposed my heart upon thine

honour, and have found its baseness. Never more,

'therefore, expect friendship from me. Go, and possess
'what fortune has given thee, beauty, riches, health, and

\* pleasure. Go, and leave me to want, infamy, disease,

' and forrow. Yet humbled as I am, shall my heart still

' vindicate its dignity, and though thou hast my forgive-

' ness, thou shalt ever have my contempt.'

'If fo,' returned he, 'depend upon it you shall feel the 'effects of this infolence, and we shall shortly fee which is 'the fittest object of scorn, you or me.' Upon which he departed abruptly.

My wife and fon, who were present at this interview, feemed terrified with the apprehension. My daughters also, finding that he was gone, came out to be informed of the result of our conference; which, when known, alarmed them not less than the rest. But as to myself, I disregarded the utmost stretch of his malevolence: he had already struck the blow, and now I stood prepared to repel every new effort. Like one of those instruments used in the art of war, which, however thrown, still presents a point to receive the enemy.

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We foon, however, found that he had not threatened in vain; for the very next morning his steward came to demand my annual rent, which, by the train of accidents already related, I was unable to pay. The consequence of my incapacity was his driving my cattle that evening, and their being appraised and sold the next day for less than half their value. My wife and children now therefore intreated me to comply upon any terms, rather than incur

certain destruction. They even begged of me to admit his visits once more, and used all their little eloquence to paint the calamities I was going to endure: the terrors of a prison in so rigorous a season as the present, with the danger that threatened my health from the late accident that happened by the fire. But I continued inflexible.

'Why, my treasures,' cried I, 'why will you thus attempt to persuade me to the thing that is not right! My duty has taught me to sorgive him; but my conscience will not permit me to approve. Would you have me applaud to the world what my heart must internally condemn? Would you have me tamely sit down and flatter our infamous betrayer; and, to avoid a prison, continually suffer the more galling bonds of mental confinement! No, never. If we are to be taken from this abode, only let us hold to the right, and wherever we are thrown, we can still retire to a charming apartment, when we can look round our own hearts with intrepidity and with pleasure!'

In this manner we fpent that evening. Early the next morning, as the fnow had fallen in great abundance in the night, my fon was employed in clearing it away, and opening a passage before the door. He had not been thus engaged long, when he came running in, with looks all pale, to tell us that two strangers, whom he knew to be officers of justice, were making towards the house.

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Just as he spoke, they came in, and approaching the bed where I lay, after previously informing me of their employment and business, made me their prisoner, bidding me prepare to go with them to the county gaol, which was eleven miles off. 'My friends,' faid I, 'this is fevere weather in which you have come to take me to a prison; and it is particularly unfortunate at this time, as one of my arms has lately been burnt in a terrible manner, and it has thrown me into a slight fever, and I want clothes to cover me, and I am now too weak and old to walk far in such deep fnow: but if it must be so—'

I then turned to my wife and children, and directed them to get together what few things were left us, and to prepare immediately for leaving this place. I intreated them to be expeditious: and defired my fon to affift his eldeft fifter; who, from a confciousness that she was the cause of all our calamities, was fallen, and had lost anguish in infensibility. I encouraged my wife, who, pale and trembling, clasped our affrighted little ones in her arms, that clung to her bosom in silence, dreading to look round at the strangers. In the mean time my youngest daughter prepared for our departure, and as she received several hints to use dispatch, in about an hour we were ready to depart.

## CHAP. VI.

NO SITUATION, HOWEVER WRETCHED IT SEEMS, BUT HAS SOME SORT OF COMFORT ATTENDING IT.

WE fet forward from this peaceful neighbourhood, and walked on flowly. My eldest daughter, being enfeebled by a slow fever, which had begun for some days to undermine her constitution, one of the officers, who had an horse, kindly took her behind him: for even these men

cannot entirely divest themselves of humanity. My son led one of the little ones by the hand, and my wise the other; while I leaned upon my youngest girl, whose tears fell not for her own but my distresses.

We were now got from my late dwelling about two miles, when we faw a crowd running and shouting behind us, consisting of about sifty of my poorest parishioners. These, with dreadful imprecations, soon seized upon the two officers of justice, and swearing they would never see their minister go to a gaol while they had a drop of blood to shed in his defence, were going to use them with great severity. The consequences might have been fatal, had I not immediately interposed, and with some difficulty rescued the officers from the hands of the enraged multitude. My children, who looked upon my delivery now as certain, appeared transported with joy, and were incapable of containing their raptures. But they were soon undeceived, upon hearing me address the poor deluded people, who came as they imagined to do me service.

'What! my friends,' cried I, 'and is this the way you 'love me! Is this the manner you obey the instructions I have given you from the pulpit! Thus to fly in the face of justice, and bring down ruin on yourselves and me! Which is your ringleader? Shew me the man that has thus seduced you. As sure as he lives, he shall feel my resentment. Alas! my poor deluded flock, return back to the duty you owe to God, to your country, and to me. I shall yet perhaps one day see you in greater felicity here, and contribute to make your lives more happy. But let it at least be my comfort, when I pen my fold for immortality, that not one here shall be wanting.'

They now feemed all repentance, and melting into tears, came one after the other to bid me farewel. I shook each tenderly by the hand, and leaving them my blessing, proceeded forward without meeting any farther interruption. Some hours before night we reached the town, or rather village; for it consisted but of a few mean houses, having lost all its former opulence, and retaining no marks of its ancient superiority but the gaol.

Upon entering we put up at an inn, where we had such refreshments as could most readily be procured, and I supped with my family with my usual chearfulness. After seeing them properly accommodated for that night, I next attended the sheriff's officers to the prison, which had formerly been built for the purposes of war, and consisted of one large apartment, strongly grated, and paved with stone, common to both selons and debtors at certain hours in the four and twenty. Besides this, every prisoner had a separate cell, where he was locked in for the night.

I expected upon my entrance to find nothing but lamentations, and various founds of mifery; but it was very different. The prisoners seemed all employed in one common design, that of forgetting thought in merriment or clamour. I was apprized of the usual perquisite required upon these occasions, and immediately complied with the demand, though the little money I had was very near being all exhausted. This was immediately sent away for liquor, and the whole prison was soon filled with riot, laughter, and profaneness.

'How,' cried I to myfelf, 'fhall men fo very wicked be chearful, and shall I be melancholy! I feel only the same confinement with them, and I think I have more reason to be happy.'

With fuch reflections I laboured to become chearful; but chearfulness was never yet produced by effort, which is itself painful. As I was sitting therefore in a corner of the gaol, in a pensive posture, one of my fellow-prisoners came up, and sitting by me, entered into conversation. It was my constant rule in life never to avoid the conversation of any man who seemed to desire it: for if good, I might profit by his instructions; if bad, he might be affished by mine. I found this to be a knowing man, of strong unlettered sense: but a thorough knowledge of the world, as it is called; or, more properly speaking, of human nature on the wrong side. He asked me if I had taken care to provide myself with a bed, which was a circumstance I had never once attended to.

'That's unfortunate,' cried he, 'as you are allowed 'nothing but straw, and your apartment is very large and 'cold. However, you seem to be something of a gentle'man, and as I have been one myself in my time,' part 'of my bed-clothes are heartily at your service.'

I thanked him, professing my surprize at sinding such humanity in a gaol, in misfortunes; adding, to let him see that I was a scholar, that the sage ancient seemed to understand the value of company in affliction, when he said, ton kosmon aire, ei dos ton etairon. 'And, in sact,' continued I, 'what is the world, if it affords only so 'litude?'

You talk of the world, Sir,' returned my fellowprisoner; 'the world is in it's dotage, and yet the cosmogony 'or creation of the world has puzzled the philosophers of 'every age. What a medley of opinions have they not 'broached upon the creation of the world! Sanconiathan, 'Manetho, Berosus, and Ocellus Lucanus, have all attempt'ed it in vain. The latter has these words, Anarchon ara kai 'atelutaion to pan, which implies—' 'I ask pardon, Sir,' cried I, 'for interrupting so much learning; but I think 'I have heard all this before. Have I not had the pleafure of once seeing you at Welbridge sair, and is not 'your name Ephraim Jenkinson?' At this demand he only sighed. 'I suppose you must recollect,' resumed I, 'one Doctor Primrose, from whom you bought a horse.'

He now at once recollected me; for the gloominess of the place and the approaching night had prevented his distinguishing my features before. 'Yes, Sir,' returned Mr. Jenkinson, 'I remember you perfectly well; I bought 'an horse, but forgot to pay for him. Your neighbour 'Flamborough is the only prosecutor I am any way asraid 'of the next assizes; for he intends to swear positively 'against me as a coiner. I am heartily forry, Sir, I ever 'deceived you, or indeed any man; for you see,' continued he, shewing his shackles, 'what my tricks have 'brought me to.'

'Well, Sir,' replied I, 'your kindness in offering me 'assistance when you could expect no return, shall be repaid with my endeavours to soften or totally suppress Mr. 'Flamborough's evidence, and I will send my son to him for that purpose the first opportunity; nor do I in the least doubt but he will comply with my request; and as to my own evidence, you need be under no unseasiness about that.'

'Well, Sir,' cried he, 'all the return I can make 'shall be your's. You shall have more than half my bed-clothes to-night, and I'll take care to stand your 'friend in the prison, where I think I have some influence.'

I thanked him, and could not avoid being furprized at the prefent youthful change in his afpect; for at the time I had feen him before, he appeared at least fixty. 'Sir,' answered he, 'you are little acquainted with the world; 'I had at that time false hair, and have learned the art of counterfeiting every age from seventeen to seventy. 'Ah, Sir, had I but bestowed half the pains in learning a trade, that I have in learning to be a scoundrel, I might have been a rich man at this day. But rogue as I am, still I may be your friend, and that, perhaps, when you least expect it.'

We were now prevented from farther conversation, by the arrival of the gaoler's servants, who came to call over the prisoner's names, and lock up for the night. A fellow also with a bundle of straw for my bed attended, who led me along a dark narrow passage into a room paved like the common prison, and in one corner of this I spread my bed, and the clothes given me by my fellow-prisoner; which done, my conductor, who was civil enough, bade me a good-night. After my usual meditations, and having praised my Heavenly Corrector, I laid myself down and slept with the utmost tranquillity till morning.

#### CHAP. VII.

A REFORMATION IN THE GAOL. TO MAKE LAWS COMPLETE, THEY SHOULD REWARD AS WELL AS PUNISH.

THE next morning early I was awakened by my family, whom I found in tears at my bed-fide. The gloomy appearance of every thing about us, it feems, had

daunted them. I gently rebuked their forrow, affuring them I had never flept with greater tranquillity, and next enquired after my eldeft daughter, who was not among They informed me that yesterday's uneafiness and fatigue had increased her fever, and it was judged proper to leave her behind. My next care was to fend my fon to procure a room or two to lodge my family in, as near the prison as conveniently could be found. He obeyed; but could only find one apartment, which was hired at a small expence for his mother and fifters, the gaoler with humanity confenting to let him and his two little brothers be in the prison with me. A bed was therefore prepared for them in a corner of the room, which I thought answered very conveniently. I was willing, however, previously to know whether my little children chose to lie in a place which seemed to fright them upon entrance.

'Well,' cried I, 'my good boys, how do you like 'your bed? I hope your are not afraid to lie in this room, 'dark as it appears.'

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'No, papa,' fays Dick, 'I am not afraid to lie any 'where, where you are.'

'And I,' fays Bill, who was yet but four years old, 'love every place best that my papa is in.'

After this, I allotted to each of the family what they were to do. My daughter was particularly directed to watch her declining fifter's health; my wife was to attend me; my little boys were to read to me: 'And as for 'you, my fon,' continued I, 'it is by the labour of your hands we must all hope to be supported. Your wages, 'as a day-labourer, will be full sufficient, with proper frugality, to maintain us all, and comfortably too. Thou

' art now fixteen years old, and hast strength, and it was

' given thee, my fon, for very useful purposes: for it

must fave from famine your helpless parents and family.

'Prepare then this evening to look out for work against to-morrow, and bring home every night what money

' you earn for our support.'

Having thus instructed him, and settled the rest, I walked down to the common prison, where I could enjoy more air and room. But I was not long there, when the execrations, lewdness, and brutality, that invaded me on every side, drove me back to my apartment again. Here I sat for some time, pondering upon the strange infatuation of wretches, who, finding all mankind in open arms against them, were labouring to make themselves a future and a tremendous Enemy.

Their infensibility excited my highest compassion, and blotted my own uneasiness from my mind. It even appeared a duty incumbent upon me to attempt to reclaim them. I resolved therefore once more to return, and in spite of their contempt to give them my advice, and conquer them by perseverance. Going therefore among them again, I informed Mr. Jenkinson of my design; at which he laughed heartily, but communicated it to the rest. The proposal was received with the greatest good humour, as it promised to afford a new fund of entertainment to persons who had now no other resource for mirth, but what could be derived from ridicule or debauchery.

I therefore read them a portion of the fervice with a loud unaffected voice, and found my audience perfectly merry upon the occasion. Lewd whispers, groans of contrition burlefqued, winking and coughing, alternately excited laughter. However, I continued with my natural

folemnity to read on, fenfible that what I did might amend fome, but could itself receive no contamination from any.

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After reading, I entered upon my exhortation, which was rather calculated at first to amuse them than to reprove. I previously observed, that no other motive but their welfare could induce me to this; that I was their fellowprisoner, and now got nothing by preaching. I was forry, I faid, to hear them fo very profane, because they got nothing by it, and might lofe a great deal: 'For be affured, 'my friends,' cried I, '(for you are my friends, however the world may disclaim your friendship), though you ' fwore twelve thousand oaths in a day, it would not put one penny in your purfe. Then what fignifies calling every moment upon the devil, and courting his friend-' ship, fince you find how feurvily he uses you. He has ' given you nothing here, you find, but a mouthful of oaths and an empty belly; and by the best accounts I have of ' him, he will give you nothing that's good hereafter.

'him, he will give you nothing that's good hereafter.

'If used ill in our dealings with one man, we naturally
go elsewhere. Were it not worth your while then, just
to try how you may like the usage of another Master, who
gives you fair promises at least to come to him? Surely,
my friends, of all stupidity in the world, his must be the
greatest, who, after robbing an house, runs to the thieftakers for protection. And yet how are you more wise?
You are all seeking comfort from one that has already
betrayed you, applying to a more malicious being than
any thief-taker of them all; for they only decoy, and
then hang you; and, what is worst of all, will not let
you loose after the hangman has done.'

When I had concluded, I received the compliments of my audience; fome of whom came and shook me by the

hand, fwearing that I was a very honest fellow, and that they defired my further acquaintance. I therefore promifed to repeat my lecture next day, and actually conceived fome hopes of making a reformation here; for it had ever been my opinion, that no man was past the hour of amendment, every heart lying open to the shafts of reproof, if the archer could but take a proper aim. When I had thus fatisfied my mind, I went back to my apartment, where my wife prepared a frugal meal, while Mr. Jenkinson begged leave to add his dinner to ours, and partake of the pleafure, as he was kind enough to express it, of my conversation. He had not yet seen my family; for as they came to my apartment by a door in the narrow passage already described, by this means they avoided the common prison. Jenkinson at the first interview therefore feemed not a little struck with the beauty of my youngest daughter, which her pensive air contributed to heighten, and my little ones did not pass unnoticed.

'Alas, doctor,' cried he, 'these children are too hand-'fome and too good for such a place as this!'

'Why, Mr. Jenkinson,' replied I, 'thank Heaven, my 'children are pretty tolerable in morals, and if they be 'good, it matters little for the rest.'

'I fancy, Sir,' returned my fellow-prisoner, 'that it must give you great comfort to have this little family 'about you.'

'A comfort, Mr. Jenkinson,' replied I, 'yes, it is indeed a comfort, and I would not be without them for all the world; for they can make a dungeon seem a palace. There is but one way in this life of wounding my happiness, and that is by injuring them.'

'I am afraid then, Sir,' cried he, 'that I am in some 'measure culpable; for I think I see here,' (looking at my son Moses) 'one that I have injured, and by whom 'I wish to be forgiven.'

My fon immediately recollected his voice and features, though he had before feen him in difguife, and taking him by the hand, with a fmile forgave him. 'Yet,' continued he, 'I can't help wondering at what you could 'fee in my face, to think me a proper mark for deception.'

'My dear Sir,' returned the other, 'it was not your face, but your white flockings and the black ribband on your hair, that allured me. But no disparagement to your parts, I have deceived wifer men than you in my 'time; and yet, with all my tricks, the blockheads have been too many for me at last.'

'I fuppose,' cried my fon, 'that the narrative of such a 'life as yours must be extremely instructive and amusing.'

'Not much of either,' returned Mr. Jenkinson.
'Those relations which describe the tricks and vices only
of mankind, by increasing our suspicion in life, retard
our success. The traveller that distrusts every person he
meets, and turns back upon the appearance of every
man that looks like a robber, seldom arrives in time at
his journey's end.

'Indeed I think, from my own experience, that the knowing one is the filliest fellow under the sun. I was thought cunning from my very childhood; when but feven years old, the ladies would say that I was a perfect little man; at fourteen, I knew the world, cocked my hat, and loved the ladies; at twenty, though I was perfectly honest, yet every one thought me so cunning, that

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child foneralleds 'not one would trust me. Thus I was at last obliged to turn sharper in my own defence, and have lived ever since, my head throbbing with schemes to deceive, and my heart palpitating with fears of detection. I used often to laugh at your honest simple neighbour Flamborough, and one way or other generally cheated him once a year. Yet still the honest man went forward without suspicion, and grew rich, while I still continued tricksy and cunning, and was poor, without the consolation of being honest. However,' continued he, 'let me know your case, and what has brought you here; perhaps, though I have not skill to avoid a gaol myself, I may extricate my friends.'

In compliance with this curiofity, I informed him of the whole train of accidents and follies that had plunged me into my present troubles, and my utter inability to get free.

After hearing my story, and pausing some minutes, he slapt his forehead, as if he had hit upon something material, and took his leave, saying, he would try what could be done.

# CHAP. VIII.

THE SAME SUBJECT CONTINUED.

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THE next morning I communicated to my wife and children the scheme I had planned of reforming the prifoners, which they received with universal disapprobation, alledging the impossibility and impropriety of it; adding,

that my endeavours would no way contribute to their amendment, but might probably diffrace my calling.

Excuse me,' returned I; 'these people, however's fallen, are still men, and that is a very good title to my affections. Good counsel rejected returns to enrich the giver's bosom; and though the instruction I communicate may not mend them, yet it will assuredly mend myself. If these wretches, my children, were princes, there would be thousands ready to offer their ministry; but in my opinion, the heart that is buried in a dungeon is as precious as that seated upon a throne. Yes, my treasures, if I can mend them, I will; perhaps they will not all despise me. Perhaps I may catch up even one from the gulph, and that will be great gain; for is there upon earth a gem so precious as the human soul?'

Thus faying, I left them, and descended to the common prison, where I found the prisoners very merry, expecting my arrival; and each prepared with some gaol trick to play upon the doctor. Thus, as I was going to begin, one turned my wig awry, as if by accident, and then asked my pardon. A second, who stood at some distance, had a knack of spitting through his teeth, which fell in showers upon my book. A third would cry Amen in fuch an affected tone as gave the rest great delight. fourth had slily picked my pocket of my spectacles. there was one whose trick gave more universal pleasure than all the rest; for observing the manner in which I had disposed my books on the table before me, he very dexteroufly displaced one of them, and put an obscene jest-book of his own in the place. However, I took no notice of all that this mischievous groupe of little beings

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could do; but went on, perfectly fensible that what was ridiculous in my attempt, would excite mirth only the first or second time, while what was serious would be permanent. My design succeeded, and in less than six days some were penitent, and all attentive.

It was now that I applauded my perfeverance and address, at thus giving sensibility to wretches divested of every moral feeling, and now began to think of doing them temporal services also, by rendering their situation somewhat more comfortable. Their time had hitherto been divided between famine and excess, tumultuous riot and bitter repining. Their only employment was quarrelling among each other, playing at cribbage, and cutting tobacco-stoppers. From this last mode of idle industry I took the hint of setting such as chose to work at cutting pegs for tobacconists and shoemakers, the proper wood being bought by a general subscription, and when manufactured, sold by my appointment: so that each earned something every day; a trifle indeed, but sufficient to maintain him.

I did not stop here, but instituted fines for the punishment of immorality, and rewards for peculiar industry. Thus, in less than a fortnight, I had formed them into something social and humane, and had the pleasure of regarding myself as a legislator, who had brought men from their native serocity into friendship and obedience.

And it were highly to be wished, that legislative power would thus direct the law rather to reformation than severity. That it would seem convinced that the work of eradicating crimes is not by making punishments familiar, but formidable. Then, instead of our present prisons, which find or make men guilty, which inclose wretches for the commission of one crime, and return them, if returned

alive, fitted for the perpetration of thousands; it were to be wished we had, as in other parts of Europe, places of penitence and folitude, where the accufed might be attended by fuch as could give them repentance if guilty, or new motives of virtue if innocent. And this, but not the increafing punishments, is the way to mend a state: nor can I avoid even questioning the validity of that right which focial combinations have affumed, of capitally punishing offences of a flight nature. In cases of murder their right is obvious, as it is the duty of us all, from the law of felfdefence, to cut off that man who has shewn a difregard for the life of another. Against such, all nature rifes in arms, but it is not fo against him who steals my property. Natural law gives me no right to take away his life, as by that the horse he steals is as much his property as mine. If then I have any right, it must be from a compact made between us, that he who deprives the other of his horse shall die. But this is a false compact; because no man has a right to barter his life, no more than take it away, as it is not his own. And befides, the compact is inadequate, and would be fet afide even in a court of modern equity, as there is a great penalty for a trifling convenience, fince it is far better that two men should live, than one man should ride. But a compact that is false between two men, is equally fo between an hundred and an hundred thousand; for as ten millions of circles can never make a square, so the united voice of myriads cannot lend the smallest foundation to falsehood. It is thus that reason speaks, and untutored nature fays the fame thing. Savages, that are directed by natural law alone, are very tender of the lives of each other; they feldom shed blood but to retaliate former cruelty.

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Our Saxon ancestors, fierce as they were in war, had but few executions in times of peace; and in all commencing governments that have the print of nature still strong upon them, scarce any crime is held capital.

It is among the citizens of a refined community that penal laws, which are in the hands of the rich, are laid upon the poor. Government, while it grows older, feems to acquire the moroseness of age; and as if our property were become dearer in proportion as it increased, as if the more enormous our wealth, the more extensive our fears, all our possessions are paled up with new edicts every day, and hung round with gibbets to scare every invader.

I cannot tell whether it is from the number of our penal laws, or the licentiousness of our people, that this country should shew more convicts in a year, than half the dominions of Europe united. Perhaps it is owing to both; for they mutually produce each other. When by indiscriminate penal laws a nation beholds the same punishment affixed to diffimilar degrees of guilt, from perceiving no distinction in the penalty, the people are led to lose all sense of distinction in the crime, and this distinction is the bulwark of all morality: thus the multitude of laws produce new vices, and new vices call for fresh restraints.

It were to be wished then that power, instead of contriving new laws to punish vice, instead of drawing hard the cords of society till a convulsion come to burst them, instead of cutting away wretches as useless, before we have tried their utility, instead of converting correction into vengeance, it were to be wished that we tried the restrictive arts of government, and made law the protector, but not the tyrant of the people. We should then find that creatures whose souls are held as dross, only wanted the hand of a

refiner; we should then find the wretches, now stuck up for long tortures, lest luxury should feel a momentary pang, might, if properly treated, serve to sinew the state in times of danger; that as their faces are like ours, their hearts are so too; that sew minds are so base, as that perseverance cannot amend; that a man may see his last crime without dying for it; and that very little blood will serve to cement our security.

## CHAP. IX.

HAPPINESS AND MISERY RATHER THE RESULT OF PRUDENCE THAN OF VIRTUE IN THIS LIFE; TEM-PORAL EVILS OR FELICITIES BEING REGARDED BY HEAVEN AS THINGS MERELY IN THEMSELVES TRIFLING, AND UNWORTHY IT'S CARE IN THE DISTRIBUTION.

I Had now been confined more than a fortnight, but had not fince my arrival been visited by my dear Olivia, and I greatly longed to see her. Having communicated my wishes to my wife, the next morning the poor girl entered my apartment, leaning on her sister's arm. The change which I saw in her countenance struck me. The number-less graces that once resided there were now fled, and the hand of death seemed to have moulded every feature to alarm me. Her temples were sunk, her forehead was tense, and a stall paleness sat upon her cheek.

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'I am glad to fee thee, my dear,' cried I; 'but why this dejection, Livy? I hope, my love, you have too

great a regard for me, to permit disappointment thus to undermine a life which I prize as my own. Be chearful, child, and we yet may see happier days.'

You have ever, Sir,' replied she, 'been kind to me, and it adds to my pain, that I shall never have an opportunity of sharing that happiness you promise. Happiness, I fear, is no longer reserved for me here; and I long to be rid of a place where I have only found distress. Indeed, Sir, I wish you would make a proper submission to Mr. Thornhill; it may, in some measure, induce him to pity you, and it will give me relief in 'dying.'

'Never, child,' replied I, 'never will I be brought to acknowledge my daughter a profitute; for though the world may look upon your offence with fcorn, let it be mine to regard it as a mark of credulity, not of guilt. My dear, I am no ways miferable in this place, however difmal it may feem; and be affured that while you continue to blefs me by living, he shall never have my consent to make you more wretched by marrying another.'

After the departure of my daughter, my fellow-prifoner, who was by at this interview, fenfibly enough expostulated upon my obstinacy, in refusing a submission which promised to give me freedom. He observed, that the rest of my family was not to be facrificed to the peace of one child alone, and she the only one who had offended me. 'Beside,' added he, 'I don't know if it be just 'thus to obstruct the union of man and wise, which you do at present, by refusing to consent to a match which 'you cannot hinder, but may render unhappy.'

'Sir,' replied I, 'you are unacquainted with the man that oppresses us. I am very sensible that no submission

I can make could procure me liberty even for an hour.

I am told that even in this very room a debtor of his,

'no later than last year, died for want. But though my

' fubmiffion and approbation could transfer me from hence

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to the most beautiful apartment he is possessed of; yet I

would grant neither, as fomething whispers me, that

it would be giving a fanction to adultery. While my

daughter lives, no other marriage of his shall ever be

' legal in my eye. Were she removed, indeed, I should be

the basest of men, from any resentment of my own, to

'attempt putting afunder those who wish for an union.

'No, villain as he is, I should then wish him married,

to prevent the confequences of his future debaucheries.

But now should I not be the most cruel of all fathers.

to fign an instrument which must fend my child to the

grave, merely to avoid a prison myself; and thus to

escape one pang, break my child's heart with a thou-

' fand?'

He acquiesced in the justice of this answer, but could not avoid observing, that he feared my daughter's life was already too much wasted to keep me long a prisoner.

'However,' continued he, 'though you refuse to submit

' to the nephew, I hope you have no objection to laying

' your case before the uncle, who has the first character

'in the kingdom for every thing that is just and good.

'I would advise you to fend him a letter by the post, in-

' timating all his nephew's ill ufage, and my life for it,

that in three days you shall have an answer.' I thanked him for the hint, and inftantly fet out about complying;

but I wanted paper, and unluckily all our money had

been laid out that morning in provisions; however, he fupplied me.

For the three enfuing days I was in a state of anxiety, to know what reception my letter might meet with; but in the mean time was frequently folicited by my wife to fubmit to any conditions rather than remain here, and every hour received repeated accounts of the decline of my daughter's health. The third day and the fourth arrived, but I received no answer to my letter: the complaints of a stranger against a favourite nephew, were no way likely to fucceed; fo that these hopes foon vanished like all my former. My mind, however, still supported itself, though confinement and bad air began to make a visible alteration in my health, and my arm that had fuffered in the fire grew worfe. My children, however, fat by me, and while I was stretched on my straw, read to me by turns, or listened and wept at my instructions. But my daughter's health declined faster than mine; every message from her contributed to increase my apprehensions and pain. The fifth morning after I had written the letter which was fent to Sir William Thornhill, I was alarmed with an account that she was speechless. Now it was that confinement was truly painful to me; my foul was burfting from it's prison to be near the pillow of my child, to comfort, to ftrengthen her, to receive her last wishes, and teach her foul the way to heaven! Another account came; the was expiring, and yet I was debarred the small comfort of weeping by her. My fellow-prisoner, some time after, came with the last account. He bade me be patient; the was dead! The next morning he returned, and found me with my two little ones, now my only companions, who were using all their innocent efforts to comfort me.

They intreated to read to me, and bade me not to cry, for I was now too old to weep. 'And is not my fifter an 'angel now, papa,' cried the eldeft, 'and why then are 'you forry for her? I wish I were an angel out of this 'frightful place, if my papa were with me.'—'Yes,' added my youngest darling, 'heaven, where my fister is, 'is a finer place than this, and there are none but good 'people there, and the people here are very bad.'

Mr. Jenkinson interrupted their harmless prattle, by observing, that now my daughter was no more, I should feriously think of the rest of my family, and attempt to save my own life, which was every day declining for want of necessaries and wholesome air. He added, that it was now incumbent on me to facrifice any pride or resentment of my own, to the welfare of those who depended on me for support, and that I was now, both by reason and

justice, obliged to try to reconcile my landlord.

'Heaven be praised,' replied I, 'there is no pride 'left me now. I should detest my own heart, if I saw 'either pride or resentment lurking there. On the contrary, as my oppressor has been once my parishioner, I hope one day to present him up an unpolluted soul at 'the eternal tribunal. No, Sir, I have no resentment now; and though he has taken from me what I held dearer than all his treasures, though he has wrung my heart, for I am sick almost to fainting, very sick, my fellow-prisoner, yet that shall never inspire me with vengeance. I am now willing to approve his marinage, and if this submission can do him any pleasure, let him know, that if I have done him any injury, I am forry for it.' Mr. Jenkinson took pen and ink, and wrote down my submission nearly as I have express it,

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to which I figned my name. My fon was employed to carry the letter to Mr. Thornhill, who was then at his feat in the country. He went, and in about fix hours returned with a verbal answer. He had some difficulty, he faid, to get a fight of his landlord, as the fervants were infolent and fuspicious; but he accidentally faw him as he was going out upon business, preparing for his marriage, which was to be in three days. He continued to inform us, that he stept up in the humblest manner. and delivered the letter; which, when Mr. Thornhill had read, he faid that all fubmission was now too late and unnecessary; that he had heard of our application to his uncle, which met with the contempt it deferved; and as for the rest, that all future applications should be directed to his attorney, not to him. He observed, however, that as he had a very good opinion of the difcretion of the two young ladies, they might have been the most agreeable intercessors.

Well, Sir,' faid I to my fellow-prisoner, 'you now' discover the temper of the man who oppresses me. He can at once be facetious and cruel; but let him use me as he will, I shall soon be free, in spite of all his bolts to restrain me. I am now drawing towards an abode that looks brighter as I approach it; this expectation chears my afflictions, and though I leave an helpless family of orphans behind me, yet they will not be utterly forsaken; fome friend, perhaps, will be found to affist them for the fake of their poor father, and some may charitably relieve them for the sake of their Heavenly Father.'

Just as I spoke, my wife, whom I had not seen that day before, appeared with looks of terror, and making efforts, but unable to speak. 'Why, my love,' cried I,

why will you thus increase my afflictions by your own?

What though no submission can turn our severe master,

though he has doomed me to die in this place of wretch-

edness, and though we have lost a darling child, yet still

' you will find comfort in your other children when I shall

'be no more.'-'We have indeed lost,' returned she, 'a

' darling child. My Sophia, my dearest, is gone; fnatch-

ed from us, carried off by ruffians!'

'How, Madam,' cried my fellow prifoner, 'Miss' Sophia carried off by villains! Sure it cannot be?'

She could only answer with a fixed look, and a flood of tears. But one of the prisoners wives, who was present, and came in with her, gave us a more distinct account: she informed us that as my wife, my daughter, and herself, were taking a walk together on the great road, a little way out of the village, a post-chaise and pair drove up to them, and instantly stopt. Upon which a well dress man, but not Mr. Thornhill, stepping out, classed my daughter round the waist, and forcing her in, bid the postillion drive on, so that they were out of sight in a moment.

'Now,' cried I, 'the fum of my miseries is made up, 'nor is it in the power of any thing on earth to give me 'another pang. What! not one left! not leave me one! 'the monster! the child that was next my heart! she had 'the beauty of an angel, and almost the wisdom of an 'angel. But support that woman, nor let her fall. Not

'to leave me one!'—'Alas, my husband,' said my wife,
'you seem to want comfort even more than I! Our dif-

treffes are great; but I could bear this and more, if I

' faw you but eafy. They may take away my children,

' and all the world, if they leave me but you.'

My fon, who was prefent, endeavoured to moderate our grief; he bade us take comfort, for he hoped that we might ftill have reason to be thankful. - 'My child,' cried I, ' look round the world, and fee if there be any happiness 'left me now. Is not every ray of comfort shut out; ' while all our bright prospects only lie beyond the grave.'-'My dear father,' returned he, 'I hope there is still fomething that will give you an interval of fatisfaction; 'for I have a letter from my brother George.'-' What of him, child, interrupted I, does he know our mifery? I hope my boy is exempt from any part of what 'his wretched family fuffers?'- 'Yes, Sir,' returned he, he is perfectly gay, chearful, and happy. His letter brings nothing but good news; he is the favourite of his colonel, who promifes to procure him the very next lieu-' tenancy that becomes vacant!'

' And are you fure of all this,' cried my wife; ' are you ' fure that nothing ill has befallen my boy?'-' Nothing 'indeed, Madam,' returned my fon; 'you shall fee the letter, which will give you the highest pleasure: and if ' any thing can procure you comfort, I am fure that will.' - 'But are you fure,' still repeated she, 'that the letter is from himself, and that he is really so happy?'-'Yes, Ma-' dam,' replied he, ' it is certainly his, and he will one day be the credit and the support of our family!' -'Then I thank Providence,' cried she, 'that my last 'letter to him has miscarried.—Yes, my dear,' continued fhe, turning to me, 'I will now confess, that though the ' hand of Heaven is fore upon us in other instances, it has been favourable here. By the last letter I wrote my ' fon, which was in the bitterness of anger, I defired him, upon his mother's bleffing, and if he had the heart of a

' man, to fee justice done his father and fister, and avenge our cause. But thanks be to Him who directs all things, 'it has miscarried, and I am at rest.'-'Woman,' cried I, thou hast done very ill, and at another time my re-' proaches might have been more fevere. Oh! what a tre-" mendous gulph hast thou escaped, that would have buried both thee and him in endless ruin. Providence, indeed, has here been kinder to us than we to ourfelves. It has referved that fon to be the father and protector of 'my children when I shall be away. How unjustly did I complain of being stript of every comfort, when still I hear that he is happy and infensible of our afflictions; 'ftill kept in referve to support his widowed mother, and to protect his brothers and fifters. But what fifters has he left! he has no fifters now, they are all gone, robbed from me, and I am undone!'- Father,' interrupted my fon, 'I beg you will give me leave to read his letter, I 'know it will please you.' Upon which, with my permission, he read as follows:

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### ' HONOURED SIR,

I HAVE called off my imagination a few moments from the pleasures that surround me, to fix it upon objects that are still more pleasing, the dear little fire-side at home. My fancy draws that harmless groupe as listening to every line of this with great composure. I view those faces with delight which never felt the deforming hand of ambition or distress! But whatever your happiness may be at home, I am sure it will be some addition to it, to hear that I am perfectly pleased with my situation, and every way happy here.

Our regiment is countermanded, and is not to leave the kingdom; the colonel, who professes himself my friend, takes me with him to all companies where he is ' acquainted, and after my first visit, I generally find my-' felf received with increased respect upon repeating it. I danced last night with Lady G-, and could I forget 'you know whom, I might be perhaps fuccefsful. is my fate still to remember others, while I am myself for-'gotten by most of my absent friends; and in this number, I fear, Sir, that I must consider you, for I have long expected the pleasure of a letter from home to no purpose. Olivia and Sophia, too, promifed to write, but feem to have forgotten me. Tell them they are two arrant little baggages, and that I am this moment in a most violent passion with them: yet still, I know not how, though I want to blufter a little, my heart is respondent only to ' fofter emotions. Then tell them, Sir, that after all, I love them affectionately; and be affured of my ever re-' maining your dutiful fon.'

'In all our miseries,' cried I, 'what thanks have we not to return, that one at least of our family is exempted from what we suffer. Heaven be his guard, and keep my boy thus happy to be the support of his widowed mother, and the father of these two babes, which is all the patrimony I can now bequeath him! May he keep their innocence from the temptations of want, and be their conductor in the paths of honour!' I had scarce said these words, when a noise, like that of a tumult, seemed to proceed from the prison below; it died away soon after, and a clanking of setters was heard along the passage that led to my apartment. The keeper of the prison en-

tered, holding a man all bloody, wounded, and fettered with the heaviest irons. I looked with compassion on the wretch as he approached me, but with horror when I found it was my own son. 'My George! my George! and do 'I behold thee thus! Wounded! fettered! Is this thy 'happiness! Is this the manner you return to me? O 'that this fight could break my heart at once, and let me 'die!'

'Where, Sir, is your fortitude?' returned my fon with an intrepid voice; 'I must fuffer, my life is forfeited, and 'let them take it.'

I tried to restrain my passion for a few minutes in silence, but I thought I should have died with the effort. 'O my boy, my heart weeps to behold thee thus, and I cannot, cannot help it. In the moment that I thought thee blest, and prayed for thy safety, to behold thee thus again! chained, wounded. And yet the death of the youthful is happy. But I am old, a very old man, and have lived to see this day. To see my children all untimely falling about me, while I continue a wretched survivor in the midst of ruin! May all the curses that ever sunk a soul fall heavy upon the murderer of my children. May he live, like me, to see-----

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'Hold, Sir,' replied my fon, ' or I shall blush for thee.'
How, Sir, forgetful of your age, your holy calling, thus
to arrogate the justice of Heaven, and sling those curses
upward that must soon descend to crush thy own grey
head with destruction! No, Sir, let it be your care now
to fit me for that vile death I must shortly suffer, to arm
me with hope and resolution, to give me courage to
drink of that bitterness which must shortly be my portion.'

'My child, you must not die: I am sure no offence of thine can deserve so vile a punishment. My George could never be guilty of any crime to make his ancestors ashamed of him.'

'Mine, Sir,' returned my fon, 'is, I fear, an unpardonable one. When I received my mother's letter from home, I immediately came down, determined to punish the betrayer of our honour, and fent him an order to meet me, which he answered, not in person, but by dispatching four of his domesticks to seize me. I wounded one who sirst assaulted me, and I fear desperately: but the rest made me their prisoner. The coward is determined to put the law in execution against me; the proofs are undeniable; I have sent a challenge, and as I am the first transgressor upon the statute, I see no hopes of pardon. But you have often charmed me with your lessons of fortitude; let me now, Sir, find them in your example.'

And, my fon, you shall find them. I am now raised above this world, and all the pleasures it can produce. From this moment I break from my heart all the ties that held it down to earth, and will prepare to fit us both for eternity. Yes, my fon, I will point out the way, and my foul shall guide yours in the ascent, for we will take our slight together. I now see and am convinced you can expect no pardon here, and I can only exhort you to seek it at that greatest tribunal where we both shall shortly answer. But let us not be niggardly in our exhortation, but let all our fellow-prisoners have a share.—Good gaoler, let them be permitted to stand here, while I attempt to improve them.' Thus saying, I made an effort to rise from my straw, but wanted strength, and was able only to recline against the wall. The prisoners assembled

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according to my directions, for they loved to hear my counsel; my fon and his mother supported me on either fide; I looked, and faw that none were wanting, and then addressed them with the following exhortation.

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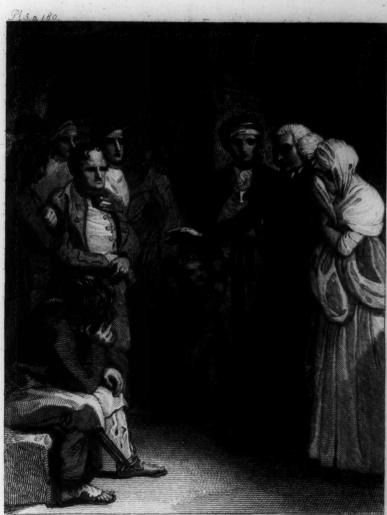
# supply and a world merived in conducts before from CHAP. X.

THE EQUAL DEALINGS OF PROVIDENCE DEMON-STRATED WITH REGARD TO THE HAPPY AND THE MISERABLE HERE BELOW. THAT FROM THE NA-TURE OF PLEASURE AND PAIN, THE WRETCHED MUST BE REPAID THE BALANCE OF THEIR SUF-FERINGS IN THE LIFE HEREAFTER.

· IVI Y friends, my children, and fellow-fufferers, when I reflect on the diffribution of good and evil here below, I find that much has been given man to enjoy, yet still 'more to fuffer. Though we should examine the whole world, we shall not find one man fo happy as to have ' nothing left to wish for; but we daily see thousands who by fuicide shew us they have nothing left to hope. In 'this life then it appears that we cannot be entirely bleft;

' but yet we may be compleatly miserable.

Why man should thus feel pain; why our wretched-' ness should be requisite in the formation of universal felicity; why, when all other fystems are made perfect by the e perfection of their subordinate parts, the great system ' should require for it's perfection, parts that are not only 'fubordinate to others, but imperfect in themselves? 'These are questions that never can be explained, and



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London Rublish d by E Karding June 1. 1792.



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' might be useless if known. On this subject Providence has thought fit to elude our curiosity, satisfied with granting us motives to consolation.

In this fituation, man has called in the friendly affiftance of philosophy, and Heaven, seeing the incapacity of 'that to confole him, has given him the aid of religion. 'The confolations of philosophy are very amufing, but often fallacious. It tells us that life is filled with comforts, if we will but enjoy them; and on the other hand, that though we unavoidably have miseries here, life is ' fhort, and they will foon be over. Thus do these confo-' lations destroy each other; for if life is a place of comfort, 'it's shortness must be misery; and if it be long, our 'griefs are protracted. Thus philosophy is weak; but religion comforts in an higher strain. Man is here, 'it tells us, fitting up his mind, and preparing it for another abode. When the good man leaves the body, and ' is all a glorious mind, he will find he has been making 'himself a heaven of happiness here; while the wretch ' that has been maimed and contaminated by his vices, 'shrinks from his body with terror, and finds that he has anticipated the vengeance of Heaven. To religion then we must hold in every circumstance of life for our truest ' comfort; for if already we are happy, it is a pleasure to think that we can make that happiness unending; and if we are miserable, it is very confoling to think that there is a place of rest. Thus, to the fortunate, religion holds out a continuance of blifs; to the wretched, a change from pain.

'But though religion is very kind to all men, it has pro-'mifed peculiar rewards to the unhappy; the fick, the 'naked, the houseless, the heavy-laden, and the prisoner, have ever most frequent promises in our sacred law. The Author of our religion every where professes himself the wretch's friend; and, unlike the false ones of this world, bestows all his caresses upon the forlorn. The unthinking have censured this as partiality, as a preference without merit to deserve it. But they never reslect that it is not in the power even of Heaven itself to make the offer of unceasing felicity as great a gift to the happy as to the miserable. To the first, eternity is but a single blessing, since at most it but increases what they already posses. To the latter, it is a double advantage; for it diminishes their pain here, and rewards them with heavenly bliss

'hereafter.

'But Providence is in another respect kinder to the poor than the rich; for as it thus makes the life after death more desirable, so it smooths the passage there. The wretched have had a long familiarity with every face of terror. The man of sorrow lays himself quietly down, with no possessions to regret, and but few ties to stop his departure; he feels only nature's pang in the final separation, and this is no way greater than he has often fainted under before; for after a certain degree of pain, every new breach that death opens in the constitution, nature kindly covers with insensibility.

'Thus Providence has given the wretched two advantages over the happy in this life, greater felicity in dying, and in heaven all that superiority of pleasure which arises from contrasted enjoyment. And this superiority, my friends, is no small advantage, and seems to be one of the pleasures of the poor man in the parable; for though he was already in heaven, and felt all the raptures it could give, yet it was mentioned as an addition to his happi'nefs, that he had once been wretched and now was com-'forted; that he had known what it was to be miserable, 'and now felt what it was to be happy.

'Thus, my friends, you fee, religion does what philoso'phy could never do: it shews the equal dealings of Hea'ven to the happy and the unhappy, and levels all human
'enjoyments to nearly the same standard. It gives to both
'rich and poor the same happiness hereafter, and equal
hopes to aspire after it; but if the rich have the advantage of enjoying pleasure here, the poor have the endless
fatisfaction of knowing what it was once to be miserable,
when crowned with endless felicity hereafter; and even
though it should be called a small advantage, yet being
an eternal one, it must make up by duration what the
temporal happiness of the great may have exceeded by
intenseness.

'These are therefore the consolations which the wretch'ed have peculiar to themselves, and in which they are
'above the rest of mankind; in other respects they are be'low them. They who would know the miseries of the
'poor, must see life, and endure it. To declaim on the
'temporal advantages they enjoy, is only repeating what
'none either believe or practise. The men who have the
'necessaries of living are not poor, and they who want
'them must be miserable. Yes, my friends, we must be
'miserable. No vain efforts of a refined imagination
'can footh the wants of nature, can give elastick sweetness
'to the dank vapour of a dungeon, or ease to the throbbings of a broken heart. Let the philosopher from his
'couch of softness tell us we can resist all these. Alas! the
'effort by which we resist them is still the greatest pain!

Death is flight, and any man may fustain it; but torments are dreadful, and these no man can endure.

'To us, then, my friends, the promifes of happiness in ' heaven should be peculiarly dear; for if our reward be in ' this life alone, we are indeed of all men the most miserable. When I look round these gloomy walls, made to ' terrify, as well as to confine us; this light that only ferves to shew the horrors of the place; those shackles ' that tyranny has imposed, or crime made necessary; when 'I furvey these emaciated looks, and hear those groans, O 'my friends, what a glorious exchange would heaven be 'for these! To fly through regions unconfined as air, to bask in the funshine of eternal bliss, to carol over endless hymns of praise, to have no master to threaten or insult 'us, but the form of Goodness himself for ever in our 'eyes; when I think of these things, death becomes the ' messenger of very glad tidings; when I think of these things, his sharpest arrow becomes the staff of my sup-'port; when I think of these things, what is there in life worth having? when I think of thefe things, what is there that should not be spurned away? kings in their palaces ' should groan for fuch advantages; but we, humbled as we ' are, should yearn for them.

'And shall these things be ours? Ours they will certainly be, if we but try for them; and what is a comfort,
we are shut out from many temptations that would retard
our pursuit. Only let us try for them, and they will certainly be ours; and, what is still a comfort, shortly too;
for if we look back on past life, it appears but a very short
fpan, and whatever we may think of the rest of life, it
will yet be found of less duration; as we grow older, the
days seem to grow shorter, and our intimacy with time

\* ever leffens the perception of his flay. Then let us take 'comfort now, for we shall soon be at our journey's end; we shall soon lay down the heavy burden laid by Heaven upon us; and though death, the only friend of the wretched, for a little while mocks the weary traveller with the view, and like his horizon, still slies before him; yet the time will certainly and shortly come, when we shall cease from our toil; when the luxurious great ones of the world shall no more tread us to the earth; when we shall think with pleasure on our sufferings below; when we shall be surrounded with all our friends, or such as deserved our friendship; when our bliss shall be sunutterable, and still, to crown all, unending.'

## CHAP. XI.

HAPPIER PROSPECTS BEGIN TO APPEAR. LET US BE INFLEXIBLE, AND FORTUNE WILL AT LAST CHANGE IN OUR FAVOUR.

WHEN I had thus finished, and my audience was retired, the gaoler, who was one of the most humane of his profession, hoped I would not be displeased, as what he did was but his duty; observing, that he must be obliged to remove my son into a stronger cell, but he should be permitted to visit me every morning. I thanked him for his clemency, and grasping my boy's hand, bade him farewel, and be mindful of the great duty that was before him.

I again, therefore, laid me down, and one of my little ones fat by my bedfide reading, when Mr. Jenkinson entering, informed me that there was news of my daughter; for that she was seen by a person about two hours before, in a strange gentleman's company, and that they had stopt at a neighbouring village for refreshment, and seemed as if returning to town. He had scarce delivered this news, when the gaoler came with looks of haste and pleasure, to inform me that my daughter was found. Moses came running in a moment after, crying out that his sister Sophy was below, and coming up with our old friend Mr. Burchell.

Just as he delivered this news, my dearest girl entered, and with looks almost wild with pleasure, ran to kiss me in a transport of affection. Her mother's tears and silence also shewed her pleasure. 'Here, papa,' cried the charming girl, 'here is the brave man to whom I owe my 'delivery; to this gentleman's intrepidity I am indebted 'for my happiness and safety—'A kiss from Mr. Burchell, whose pleasure seemed even greater than her's, interrupted what she was going to add.

'Ah, Mr. Burchell,' cried I, 'this is but a wretched habitation you now find us in; and we are now very different from what you last faw us. You were ever our friend: we have long discovered our errors with regard to you, and repented of our ingratitude. After the vile usage you then received at my hands, I am almost ashamed to behold your face; yet I hope you'll forgive me, as I was deceived by a base ungenerous wretch, who, under the mask of friendship, has un-





Plate II.

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'It is impossible,' replied Mr. Burchell, 'that I 'should forgive you, as you never deserved my resentment. I partly saw your delusion then, and as it was 'out of my power to restrain, I could only pity it!'

'It was ever my conjecture,' cried I, 'that your mind was noble; but now I find it fo.—But tell me, my dear child, how hast thou been relieved, or who the ruffians were who carried thee away?'

'Indeed, Sir,' replied she, 'as to the villain who carried me off, I am yet ignorant. For as my mamma and I were walking out, he came behind us, and almost before I could call for help, forced me into the postchaife, and in an instant the horses drove away. I met ' feveral on the road, to whom I cried out for affiftance; but they difregarded my entreaties. In the mean time the ruffian himself used every art to hinder " me from crying out: he flattered and threatened me by turns, and fwore that if I continued but filent, he intended on harm. In the mean time, I had broken the canvas that he had drawn up, and whom should I perceive at fome distance but your old friend Mr. Burchell, walking along with his usual swiftness, with the great stick for which we used so much to ridicule him. As soon as we came within hearing, I called out to him by name, and intreated his help. I repeated my exclamations feveral times; upon which, with a very loud voice, he bid the postilion stop; but the boy took no notice, but drove on with still greater speed. I now thought he could never overtake us, when in lefs than a minute I faw Mr. Burchell come running up by the fide of the horses, and with one blow knock the postilion to the ground. The horses when he was fallen soon

flopt of themselves, and the russian stepping out, with oaths and menaces, drew his fword, and ordered him at his peril to retire; but Mr. Burchell running up, ' shivered his fword to pieces, and then pursued him for near a quarter of a mile; but he made his escape. I was at this time come to myfelf, willing to affift my deliverer; but he foon returned to me in triumph. The postilion, who was recovered, was going to make his escape too; but Mr. Burchell ordered him at his peril to mount again, and drive back to town. Finding it ' impossible to refist, he reluctantly complied, though the wound he had received feemed, to me at least, to be dangerous. He continued to complain of the pain as we drove along, fo that he at last excited Mr. Burchell's compassion; who at my request exchanged him for another at an inn where we called on our return.'

'Welcome, then,' cried I, 'my child; and thou her gallant deliverer, a thousand welcomes. Though our chear is but wretched, yet our hearts are ready to receive you. And now, Mr. Burchell, as you have delivered my girl, if you think her a recompence, she is yours; if you can stoop to an alliance with a family so poor as mine, take her, obtain her consent, as I know you have her heart, and you have mine. And let me tell you, Sir, that I give you no small treasure; she has been celebrated for beauty it is true, but that is not my meaning, I give you up a treasure in her mind.'

'But, I fuppose, Sir,' cried Mr. Burchell, 'that you' are apprized of my circumstances, and of my incapacity to support her as she deserves.'

'If your prefent objection,' replied I, 'be meant as an 'evalion of my offer, I delift: but I know no man fo

" worthy to deferve her as you; and if I could give her

thousands, and thousands sought her from me, yet my honest brave Burchell should be my dearest choice.'

To all this his filence alone feemed to give a mortifying refusal, and without the least reply to my offer, he demanded if we could not be furnished with refreshments from the next inn; to which being answered in the affirmative, he ordered them to fend in the best dinner that could be provided upon such short notice. He bespoke also a dozen of their best wine; and some cordials for me. Adding, with a smile, that he would stretch a little for once, and though in a prison, afferted he was never better disposed to be merry. The waiter soon made his appearance with preparations for dinner, a table was lent us by the gaoler, who seemed remarkably assiduous, the wine was disposed in order, and two very well-dressed dishes were brought in.

My daughter had not yet heard of her poor brother's melancholy fituation, and we all feemed unwilling to damp her chearfulness by the relation. But it was in vain that I attempted to appear chearful, the circumstances of my unfortunate son broke through all efforts to diffemble; so that I was at last obliged to damp our mirth by relating his misfortunes, and wishing he might be permitted to share with us in this little interval of satisfaction. After my guests were recovered from the consternation my account had produced, I requested also that Mr. Jenkinson, a fellow-prisoner, might be admitted, and the gaoler granted my request with an air of unusual submission. The clanking of my son's irons was no sooner heard along the passage, than his sister ran impatiently to meet him; while Mr. Burchell, in the mean time, asked

me if my fon's name was George; to which replying in the affirmative, he still continued silent. As soon as my boy entered the room, I could perceive he regarded Mr. Burchell with a look of astonishment and reverence. Come on, cried I, my fon; though we are fallen very low, yet Providence has been pleased to grant us some small relaxation from pain. Thy sister is restored to us, and there is her deliverer: to that brave man it is that I am indebted for yet having a daughter; give him, my boy, the hand of friendship, he deserves our warmest gratitude.

My fon feemed all this while regardless of what I faid, and still continued fixed at a respectful distance. My dear brother, cried his sister, why don't you thank my good deliverer? the brave should ever love each other.

He still continued his filence and astonishment, till out guest at last perceived himself to be known, and assuming all his native dignity, defired my fon to come forward. Never before had I feen any thing fo truly majestic as the air he affumed upon this occasion. The greatest object in the universe, fays a certain philosopher, is a good man struggling with adversity; yet there is still a greater, which is the good man that comes to relieve it. After he had regarded my fon for fome time with a fuperior air-'I again find,' faid he, 'unthinking boy, that the ' fame crime-' But here he was interrupted by one of the gaoler's fervants, who came to inform us that a perfon of distinction, who had driven into town with a chariot and feveral attendants, fent his respects to the gentleman that was with us, and begged to know when he should think proper to be waited upon. 'Bid the fellow wait,'

cried our guest, 'till I shall have leifure to receive him;' and then turning to my son, 'I again find, Sir,' proceeded he, 'that you are guilty of the same offence for 'which you once had my reproof, and for which the law 'is now preparing it's justest punishments. You imagine, 'perhaps, that a contempt of your own life gives you a 'right to take that of another: but where, Sir, is the 'difference between a duellist who hazards a life of no 'value, and the murderer who acts with greater security! 'Is it any diminution of the gamester's fraud, when he 'alledges that he has staked a counter?'

'Alas, Sir,' cried I, 'whoever you are, pity the poor 'misguided creature; for what he has done was in obedience to a deluded mother, who in the bitterness of her resentment required him upon her blessing to avenge her quarrel. Here, Sir, is the letter, which will serve to convince you of her imprudence, and diminish his 'guilt.'

He took the letter, and hastily read it over. 'This,' says he, 'though not a perfect excuse, is such a palliation of his fault, as induces me to forgive him.—And now, Sir,' continued he, kindly taking my son by the hand, I see you are surprized at finding me here; but I have often visited prisons upon occasions less interesting. I am now come to see justice done a worthy man, for whom I have the most sincere esteem. I have long been a disguised spectator of thy father's benevolence. I have at his little dwelling enjoyed respect uncontaminated by slattery, and have received that happiness that courts could not give, from the amusing simplicity round his fire-side. My nephew has been apprized of my intentions of coming here, and I find is arrived; it

would be wronging him and you to condemn him without examination: if there be injury, there shall be redress; and this I may say without boasting, that none have ever taxed the injustice of Sir William Thornhill.

We now found the perfonage whom we had so long entertained as an harmless amusing companion, was no other than the celebrated Sir William Thornhill, to whose virtues and singularities scarce any were strangers. The poor Mr. Burchell was in reality a man of large fortune and great interest, to whom senates listened with applause, and whom party heard with conviction; who was the friend of his country, but loyal to his king. My poor wife recollecting her former familiarity, scemed to shrink with apprehension; but Sophia, who a few moments before thought him her own, now perceiving the immense distance to which he was removed by fortune, was unable to conceal her tears.

'Ah, Sir,' cried my wife, with a piteous aspect, 'how is it possible that I can ever have your forgiveness! the flights you received from me the last time I had the honour of seeing you at our house, and the jokes which I audaciously threw out; these, Sir, I fear, can never be forgiven.'

'My dear good lady,' returned he with a smile, 'if 'you had your joke, I had my answer: I'll leave it to 'all the company if mine were not as good as yours. 'To say the truth, I know nobody whom I am disposed to be angry with at present but the fellow who 'so frighted my little girl here. I had not even time to examine the rascal's person so as to describe him

'in an advertisement. Can you tell me, Sophia, my dear, whether you should know him again?'

'Indeed, Sir,' replied she, 'I can't be positive; yet, ' now I recollect, he had a large mark over one of his eye-'brows.'- 'I ask pardon, Madam,' interrupted Jenkinfon, who was by, 'but be fo good as to inform me if the 'fellow wore his own red hair?'- 'Yes, I think fo,' cried Sophia. 'And did your honour,' continued he, turning to Sir William, 'observe the length of his legs?'- 'I can't be fure of their length, cried the baronet, but I am ' convinced of their swiftness; for he out-ran me, which is what I thought few men in the kingdom could have 'done.'-' Please your honour,' cried Jenkinson, 'I know ' the man: it is certainly the fame; the best runner in Eng-'land; he has beaten Pinwire of Newcastle; Timothy Baxter is his name, I know him perfectly, and the very ' place of his retreat this moment. If your honour will bid Mr. Gaoler let two of his men go with me, I'll engage to produce him to you in an hour at farthest.' Upon this the gaoler was called, who instantly appearing, Sir William demanded if he knew him. 'Yes, please your honour,' replied the gaoler, 'I know Sir William Thornhill well, ' and every body that knows any thing of him, will defire to know more of him.'- Well then,' faid the baronet, ' my request is, that you will permit this man and two of vour fervants to go upon a meffage by my authority, and 'as I am in the commission of the peace, I undertake to 'fecure you.'---' Your promise is sufficient,' replied the other, 'and you may at a minute's warning fend them over ' England whenever your honour thinks fit.'

In pursuance of the gaoler's compliance, Jenkinson was dispatched in search of Timothy Baxter, while we were

amused with the assiduity of our youngest boy Bill, who had just come in and climbed up to Sir William's neck in order to kis him. His mother was immediately going to chastise his familiarity, but the worthy man prevented her; and taking the child, all ragged as he was, upon his knee--'What, Bill, you chubby rogue,' cried he, 'do you re'member your old friend Burchell?---and Dick too, my
'honest veteran, are you here! you shall find I have not
'forgot you.' So saying, he gave each a large piece of gingerbread, which the poor fellows eat very heartily, as they had got that morning but a very scanty breakfast.

We now fat down to dinner, which was almost cold; but previously, my arm still continuing painful, Sir William wrote a prescription, for he had made the study of physic his amusement, and was more than moderately skilled in the profession: this being sent to an apothecary who lived in the place, my arm was dressed, and I found almost instantaneous relief. We were waited upon at dinner by the gaoler himself, who was willing to do our guest all the honour in his power. But before we had well dined, another message was brought from his nephew, desiring permission to appear, in order to vindicate his innocence and honour; with which request the baronet complied, and desired Mr. Thornhill to be introduced.

### CHAP. XII.

FORMER BENEVOLENCE NOW REPAID WITH UNEX-

MR. Thornhill made his entrance with a fmile, which he feldom wanted, and was going to embrace his uncle,

which the other repulsed with an air of disdain. 'No fawning, Sir, at present,' cried the baronet, with a look of severity, 'the only way to my heart is by the road of honour; but here I only see complicated instances of falsehood, cowardice, and oppression. How is it, Sir, that this poor man, for whom I know you professed a friendship, is used thus hardly? His daughter vilely seduced, as a recompence for his hospitality, and he himself thrown into prison, perhaps but for resenting the insult? His son too, whom you feared to face as a man-----

'Is it possible, Sir,' interrupted his nephew, 'that my uncle could object that as a crime, which his repeated instructions alone have persuaded me to avoid!'

'Your rebuke,' cried Sir William, 'is just; you have acted in this instance prudently and well, though not quite as your father would have done: my brother, indeed, was the soul of honour; but thou----yes, you have acted in this instance perfectly right, and it has my warmest approbation.'

'And I hope,' faid his nephew, 'that the rest of my conduct will not be found to deserve censure. I appeared, Sir, with this gentleman's daughter at some places of public amusement: thus what was levity, scandal called by a harsher name, and it was reported that I had debauched her. I waited on her father in person, willing to clear the thing to his satisfaction, and he received me only with insult and abuse. As for the rest, with regard to his being here, my attorney and steward can best inform you, as I commit the management of business entirely to them.

If he has contracted debts, and is unwilling, or even unable to pay them, it is their business to proceed in this 'manner; and I fee no hardship or injustice in pursuing the most legal means of redress.'

'If this,' cried Sir William, 'be as you have flated it, there is nothing unpardonable in your offence; and though your conduct might have been more generous, in not fuffering this gentleman to be oppressed by subordinate tyranny, yet it has been at least equitable.'

'He cannot contradict a fingle particular,' replied the fquire, 'I defy him to do fo, and feveral of my fervants are ready to attest what I fay. Thus, Sir,' continued he, finding that I was filent, for in fact I could not contradict him; 'thus, Sir, my own innocence is vindicated: but ' though at your intreaty I am ready to forgive this gentle-' man every other offence, yet his attempts to lessen me in 'your esteem, excite a resentment that I cannot govern; and this too at a time when his fon was actually preparing to take away my life; this, I fay was fuch guilt, that 'I am determined to let the law take it's courfe. I have here the challenge that was fent me, and two witnesses to prove it; one of my fervants has been wounded dangeroufly; and even though my uncle himself should diffuade me, which I know he will not, yet I will fee public jus-' tice done, and he shall suffer for it.'

'Thou monster!' cried my wife, 'hast thou not had 'vengeance enough already, but must my poor boy feel thy cruelty? I hope that good Sir William will protect 'us, for my fon is as innocent as a child; I am sure he is, and never did harm to man.'

'Madam,' replied the good man, 'your wishes for his fafety are not greater than mine; but I am forry to find his guilt too plain; and if my nephew persist----' But the appearance of Jenkinson and the gaoler's two servants

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now called off our attention, who entered hauling in a tall man, very genteelly drest, and answering the description already given of that rustian who had carried off my daughter---' Here,' cried Jenkinson, pulling him in, 'here we have him; and if ever there was a candidate for Tyburn, 'this is one.'

The moment Mr. Thornhill perceived the prisoner, and Jenkinson, who had him in custody, he seemed to shrink backward with terror. His face became pale with conscious guilt, and he would have withdrawn; but Jenkinson, who perceived his defign, stopt him. 'What, squire,' cried he, are you ashamed of your two old acquaintances, Jenkinfon and Baxter? But this is the way that all great men forget their friends, though I am refolved we will not 'forget you. Our prisoner, please your honour,' continued he, turning to Sir William, 'has already confessed 'all. This is the gentleman reported to be dangeroufly wounded: he declares that it was Mr. Thornhill who first put him upon this affair; that he gave him the clothes he now wears to appear like a gentleman, and fur-'nished him with the post-chaise. The plan was laid between them, that he should carry off the young lady to a ' place of fafety, and that there he should threaten and terrify her; but Mr. Thornhill was to come in, in the mean time, as if by accident, to her rescue; and that they ' should fight a while, and then he was to have run off, by which Mr. Thornhill would have the better opportunity of gaining her affections himfelf, under the character of her defender.'

Sir William remembered the coat to have been frequently worn by his nephew, and all the rest the prisoner himself confirmed by a more circumstantial account; concluding, that Mr. Thornhill had often declared to him, that he was in love with both fifters at the fame time.

'Heavens,' cried Sir William, 'what a viper have I been fostering in my bosom! And so fond of public justice too as he seemed to be. But he shall have it; secure him, Mr. Gaoler---yet hold, I fear there is not legal evidence to detain him.'

Upon this Mr. Thornhill, with the utmost humility, intreated that two such abandoned wretches might not be admitted as evidences against him, but that his servants should be examined. 'Your servants!' replied Sir William; 'wretch, call them yours no longer: but come, let us hear what those fellows have to say; let his butler be called.'

When the butler was introduced, he foon perceived by his former master's looks that all his power was now over. 'Tell me,' cried Sir William, sternly, 'have you ever seen 'your master, and that fellow drest up in his clothes, in company together?'--- Yes, pleafe your honour,' cried the butler, 'a thousand times: he was the man that always brought him his ladies.'--- How,' interrupted young Mr. Thornhill, 'this to my face!'--- 'Yes,' replied the butler, 'or to any man's face. To tell you a truth, Maf-' ter Thornhill, I never either loved you or liked you, and 'I don't care if I tell you now a piece of my mind.'---' Now then,' cried Jenkinson, 'tell his honour whether you 'know any thing of me.'---' I can't fay,' replied the butler, 'that I know much good of you. The night that ' gentleman's daughter was deluded to our house, you was one of them.'--- So then,' cried Sir William, 'I find 'you have brought a very fine witness to prove your innocence: thou stain to humanity! to associate with such

wretches!---But' (continuing his examination) 'you tell me, Mr. Butler, that this was the perfon who brought him this old gentleman's daughter.'---' No, please your honour,' replied the butler, 'he did not bring her, for the squire himself undertook that business; but he brought the priest that pretended to marry them.'---' It is but too true,' cried Jenkinson, 'I cannot deny it; that was the employment assigned me, and I confess it, to my confusion.'

'Good heavens!' exclaimed the baronet, 'how every new discovery of his villainy alarms me! All his guilt is now too plain, and I find his present prosecution was distated by tyranny, cowardice, and revenge. At my request, Mr. Gaoler, set this young officer, now your prisoner, free, and trust to me for the consequences. I'll make it my business to set the affair in a proper light to my friend the magistrate who has committed him. But where is the unfortunate young lady herself? let her appear to confront this wretch; I long to know by what arts he has seduced her. Intreat her to come in. Where is she?'

'Ah, Sir,' faid I, 'that question stings me to the heart; 'I was once indeed happy in a daughter, but her mise'ries—' Another interruption here prevented me; for who should make her appearance but Miss Arabella Wilmot, who was next day to have been married to Mr. Thornhill. Nothing could equal her surprize at seeing Sir William and his nephew here before her; for her arrival was quite accidental. It happened that she and the old gentleman her father were passing through the town, on the way to her aunt's, who had insisted that her nuptials with Mr. Thornhill should be consummated at her house; but

ftopping for refreshment, they put up at an inn at the other end of the town. It was there, from the window, that the young lady happened to observe one of my little boys playing in the street, and instantly sending a footman to bring the child to her, she learnt from him some account of our missfortunes; but was still kept ignorant of young Mr. Thornhill's being the cause. Though her father made several remonstrances on the impropriety of going to a prison to visit us, yet they were inessectual: she desired the child to conduct her, which he did; and it was thus she surprized us at a juncture so unexpected.

Nor can I go on, without a reflection on those accidental meetings, which, though they happen every day, feldom excite our furprize but upon some extraordinary occasion. To what a fortuitous concurrence do we not owe every pleasure and convenience of our lives! How many seeming accidents must unite, before we can be cloathed or fed! The peasant must be disposed to labour, the shower must fall, the wind fill the merchant's fail, or numbers must want the usual supply.

We all continued filent for fome moments, while my charming pupil, which was the name I generally gave this young lady, united in her looks compassion and astonishment, which gave new finishings to her beauty. 'Indeed, 'my dear Mr. Thornhill,' cried she to the squire, who she supposed was come here to succour, and not to oppress us, 'I take it a little unkindly that you should come here without me, or never inform me of the situation of a family

- fo dear to us both: you know I should take as much plea-
- fure in contributing to the relief of my reverend old maf-
- ter here, whom I shall ever esteem, as you can. But I

find that, like your uncle, you take a pleasure in doing good in fecret.'

'He find pleasure in doing good!' cried Sir William, interrupting her; 'no, my dear, his pleasures are as base as he is. You see in him, Madam, as compleat a villain as ever disgraced humanity. A wretch, who, after having deluded this poor man's daughter, after plotting against the innocence of her sister, has thrown the father into prison, and the eldest son into fetters, because he had courage to face his betrayer. And give me leave, Madam, now to congratulate you upon an escape from

'O goodness,' cried the lovely girl, 'how have I been deceived! Mr. Thornhill informed me for certain, that this gentleman's eldest son, Captain Primrose, was gone off to America with his new-married lady.'

' the embraces of fuch a monster.'

'My fweetest miss,' cried my wife, 'he has told you 'nothing but falsehoods. My fon George never left the kingdom, nor never was married. Though you have forsaken him, he has always loved you too well to think of any body else; and I have heard him say he would die a bachelor for your sake.' She then proceeded to expatiate upon the sincerity of her son's passion, she set his duel with Mr. Thornhill in a proper light, from thence she made a rapid digression to the squire's debaucheries, his pretended marriages, and ended with a most insulting picture of his cowardice.

'Good heavens!' cried Miss Wilmot, 'how very near' have I been to the brink of ruin! But how great is my 'pleasure to have escaped it! Ten thousand falsehoods has this gentleman told me! He had at last art enough to 'persuade me that my promise to the only man I esteemed

- was no longer binding, fince he had been unfaithful.
- By his falfehoods I was taught to detest one equally

brave and generous!'

But by this time my fon was freed from the incumbrances of juffice, as the person supposed to be wounded was detected to be an impostor. Mr. Jenkinson also, who had acted as his valet de chambre, had dreffed up his hair, and furnished him with whatever was necessary to make a genteel appearance. He now therefore entered, handfomely dreffed in his regimentals, and, without vanity, (for I am above it) he appeared as handfome a fellow as ever wore a military drefs. As he entered, he made Miss Wilmot a modest and distant bow, for he was not as yet acquainted with the change which the eloquence of his mother had wrought in his favour. But no decorums could restrain the impatience of his blushing mistress to be forgiven. Her tears, her looks, all contributed to discover the real fensations of her heart, for having forgotten her former promife, and having fuffered herfelf to be deluded by an impostor. My fon appeared amazed at her condefcenfion, and could fcarce believe it real.—' Sure, Madam,' cried he, 'this is but delufion! I can never have merited 'this! To be bleft thus, is to be too happy.'- 'No, Sir,' replied she, 'I have been deceived, basely deceived, else 'nothing could have ever made me unjust to my promise. 'You know my friendship, you have long known it; but 'forget what I have done, and as you once had my ' warmest vows of constancy, you shall now have them repeated; and be affured that if your Arabella cannot be 'yours, she shall never be another's.'- 'And no other's 'you shall be,' cried Sir William, 'If I have any in-' fluence with your father.'

This hint was fufficient for my fon Moses, who immediately flew to the inn where the old gentleman was, to inform him of every circumstance that had happened. But in the mean time the fquire, perceiving that he was on every fide undone, now finding that no hopes were left from flattery or diffimulation, concluded that his wifest way would be to turn and face his purfuers. Thus, laying aside all shame, he appeared the open hardy villain. I find then,' cried he, ' that I am to expect no justice 'here; but I am refolved it shall be done me. You ' shall know, Sir,' turning to Sir William, 'I am no 'longer a poor dependant upon your favours. I fcorn 'them. Nothing can keep Miss Wilmot's fortune from 'me, which, I thank her father's affiduity, is pretty 'large. The articles, and a bond for her fortune, are 'figned, and fafe in my possession. It was her fortune, ' not her person, that induced me to wish for this match; ' and poffesfed of the one, let who will take the other.'

This was an alarming blow; Sir William was fenfible of the juftness of his claims, for he had been instrumental in drawing up the marriage-articles himself. Miss Wilmot therefore perceiving that her fortune was irretrievably lost, turning to my son, she asked if the loss of fortune could lessen her value to him: 'Though fortune,' faid she, 'is out of my power, at least I have my hand to 'give.'

- 'And that, Madam,' cried her real lover, 'was indeed all that you ever had to give: at least, all that I ever
- ' thought worth the acceptance. And I now protest, my
- 'Arabella, by all that's happy, your want of fortune this moment increases my pleasure, as it serves to convince my
- fweet girl of my fincerity.'

Mr. Wilmot now entering, he feemed not a little pleafed at the danger his daughter had just escaped, and readily confented to a diffolution of the match. But finding that her fortune, which was fecured to Mr. Thornhill by bond, would not be given up, nothing could exceed his disappointment. He now saw that his money must all go to enrich one who had no fortune of his own. He could bear his being a rafeal, but to want an equivalent to his daughter's fortune was wormwood. He fat therefore, for fome minutes, employed in the most mortifying speculation, till Sir William attempted to lessen his anxiety. 'I ' must confess, Sir,' cried he, ' that your present disap-' pointment does not entirely displease me. Your immoderate passion for wealth is now justly punished. But ' though the young lady cannot be rich, the has still a fuf-'ficient competence to give content. Here you fee an honest young foldier, who is willing to take her without fortune; they have long loved each other, and for the 'friendship I bear his father, my interest shall not be wanting in his promotion. Leave, then, that ambition which disappoints you, and for once admit that happiness ' which courts your acceptance.'

'Sir William,' replied the old gentleman, 'be affured 'I never yet forced her inclinations, nor will I now. If 'fhe still continues to love this young gentleman, let her 'have him with all my heart. There is still, thank 'Heaven, some fortune lest, and your promise will make 'it something more. Only let my old friend here' (meaning me) 'give me a promise of settling six thousand pounds 'upon my girl, if ever he should come to his fortune, 'and I am ready this night to be the first to join them 'together.'

As it now remained with me to make the young couple happy, I readily gave a promise of making the settlement he required; which, to one who had fuch little expectations as I, was no great favour. We had now therefore the fatisfaction of feeing them fly into each other's arms in a transport. 'After all my misfortunes,' cried my fon George, 'to be thus rewarded! Sure this is more than I 'could ever have prefumed to hope for. To be possessed of all that's good, and after fuch an interval of pain! "My warmest wishes could never rise so high!'- 'Yes, 'my George,' returned his lovely bride, 'now let the wretch take my fortune; fince you are happy without it, ' fo am I. O what an exchange have I made, from the basest of men to the dearest, best! Let him enjoy our ' fortune, I now can be happy even in indigence.'- 'And I promise you,' cried the squire, with a malicious grin, 'that I shall be very happy with what you despise.'-' Hold, hold, Sir,' cried Jenkinson, ' there are two words to that bargain. As for that lady's fortune, Sir, you shall enever touch a fingle stiver of it .- Pray your honour,' continued he to Sir William, 'can the fquire have this ' lady's fortune if he be married to another?'- 'How can you make fuch a fimple demand?' replied the Baronet; 'undoubtedly he cannot.'-' I am forry for that,' cried Jenkinson; 'for as this gentleman and I have been old 'fellow-sporters, I have a friendship for him. But I "must declare, well as I love him, that his contract is not worth a tobacco-stopper, for he is married already.'---'You lye like a rascal,' returned the squire, who seemed rouzed by this infult; 'I never was legally married to any 'woman.'---' Indeed, begging your honour's pardon,' replied the other, 'you were; and I hope you will shew

'a proper return of friendship to your own honest Jenkin-'fon, who brings you a wife; and if the company restrains 'their curiosity a few minutes, they shall see her.' So faying, he went off with his usual celerity, and left us all unable to form any probable conjecture as to his design. 'Aye, let him go,' cried the squire; 'whatever else I 'may have done, I defy him there. I am too old now 'to be frightened with squibs.'

'I am furprized,' faid the baronet, 'what the fellow can intend by this. Some low piece of humour, I fup-'pose!'-' Perhaps, Sir,' replied I, 'he may have a more ' ferious meaning. For when we reflect on the various fchemes this gentleman has laid to feduce innocence, e perhaps fome one more artful than the rest has been found ' able to deceive him. When we confider what numbers he has ruined, how many parents now feel with anguish the infamy and the contamination which he has brought into their families, it would not furprize me if some of them---Amazement! Do I fee my loft daughter! Do 'I hold her! It is, it is my life, my happiness .-- I thought thee loft, my Olivia, yet still I hold thee, and 'fill thou shalt live to bless me.' The warmest transports of the fondest lover were not greater than mine, when I faw him introduce my child, and held my daughter in my arms, whose filence only spoke her raptures. 'And art 'thou returned to me, my darling?' cried I, 'to be my ' comfort in age !'---' That she is,' cried Jenkinson, ' and ' make much of her, for she is your own honourable child, and as honest a woman as any in the whole room, let the other be who she will .--- And as for you, squire, as sure ' as you fland there, this young lady is your lawful wedded wife. And to convince you that I speak nothing but

truth, here is the licence by which you were married together.' So faying, he put the licence into the baronet's hands, who read it, and found it perfect in every respect.

'And now, gentlemen,' continued he, 'I find you are furprized at all this; but a few words will explain the difficulty. That there squire of renown, for whom I have a great friendship, (but that's between ourselves) has often 'employed me in doing odd little things for him. Among the rest, he commissioned me to procure him a false licence and a false priest, in order to deceive this young 'lady. But as I was very much his friend, what did I do, but went and got a true licence and a true prieft, and " married them both as fast as the cloth could make them. Perhaps you'll think it was generofity that made me do all this: but no. To my shame I confess it, my only design was to keep the licence, and let the fquire know that I could prove it upon him whenever I thought proper, and fo ' make him come down whenever I wanted money.' A burst of pleasure now seemed to fill the whole apartment; our joy reached even to the common room, where the prifoners themselves sympathized ---

And shook their chains
In transport and rude harmony.

Happiness was expanded upon every face, and even Olivia's cheek seemed flushed with pleasure. To be thus restored to reputation, to friends, and fortune, at once, was a rapture sufficient to stop the progress of decay, and restore former health and vivacity. But perhaps among all there was not one who felt sincerer pleasure than I. Still holding the dear-loved child in my arms, I asked my heart

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if these transports were not delusive. 'How could you,' cried I, turning to Mr. Jenkinson, 'how could you add 'to my miseries by the story of her death? But it matters 'not; my pleasure at finding her again is more than a re'compense for the pain.'

As to your question,' replied Jenkinson, 'that is easily answered. I thought the only probable means of freeing you from prison, was by submitting to the squire, and consenting to his marriage with the other young lady. But these you had vowed never to grant while your daughter was living; there was, therefore, no other method to bring things to bear, but by persuading you that she was dead, I prevailed on your wife to join in the deceit, and we have not had a fit opportunity of undeceiving you till now.'

In the whole affembly now there appeared only two faces that did not glow with transport. Mr. Thornhill's affurance had entirely forfaken him: he now faw the gulph of infamy and want before him, and trembled to take the plunge. He therefore fell on his knees before his uncle, and in a voice of piercing mifery implored compassion. Sir William was going to spurn him away, but at my request he raised him; and after pausing a few moments-' Thy vices, crimes, and ingratitude,' cried he, deserve no tenderness; yet thou shalt not be entirely forfaken; a bare competence shall be supplied, to support ' the wants of life, but not it's follies. This young lady, 'thy wife, shall be put in possession of a third part of that fortune which once was thine, and from her tenderness ' alone thou art to expect any extraordinary supplies for the 'future.' He was going to express his gratitude for such kindness in a fet speech; but the baronet prevented him,

by bidding him not aggravate his meanness, which was already but too apparent. He ordered him at the same time to be gone, and from all his former domesticks to chuse one, such as he should think proper, which was all that should be granted to attend him.

As foon as he left us, Sir William very politely stepped up to his new niece with a fmile, and wished her joy. His example was followed by Miss Wilmot and her father; my wife too kiffed her daughter with much affection, as, to use her own expression, she was now made an honest woman of. Sophia and Mofes followed in turn, and even our benefactor Jenkinson desired to be admitted to that honour. Our fatisfaction feemed scarce capable of increase. Sir William, whose greatest pleasure was in doing good, now looked round with a countenance open as the fun, and faw nothing but joy in the looks of all, except that of my daughter Sophia, who, for fome reasons we could not comprehend, did not feem perfectly fatisfied. 'I think now,' cried he, with a fmile, ' that all the company, except one or two, feem perfectly happy. There only remains an act of justice for me to do. - You are fensible, Sir,' continued he, turning to me, ' of the obligations we both owe Mr. Jenkinson; and it is but just we should both reward him for it. Miss Sophia will, I am sure, make him very happy, and he shall have from me five hundred opounds as her fortune; and upon this, I am fure, they can live very comfortably together. - Come, Miss Sophia, what fay you to this match of my making! Will you have him?' My poor girl feemed almost finking into her mother's arms at the hideous propofal. 'Have him, Sir,' cried she, faintly. 'No, Sir, never.'- 'What!' cried he again, 'not Mr. Jenkinson, your benefactor; a handsome

young fellow, with five hundred pounds, and good ex-'pectations!'---' I beg, Sir,' returned she, scarce able to fpeak, 'that you'll defift, and not make me fo very wretched.'--- Was ever fuch obstinacy known,' cried he again, to refuse the man whom the family has such infinite obligations to, who has preferved your fifter, and who has five hundred pounds! What, not have him?' --- 'No, Sir, never,' replied she, angrily; 'I'd sooner die first!'---' If that be the ' case then,' cried he, ' if you will not have him--- I think 'I must have you myself.' And so saying, he caught her to his breast with ardour. 'My loveliest, my most sensible ' of girls,' cried he, ' how could you ever think your own Burchell could deceive you, or that Sir William Thorn-' hill could ever cease to admire a mistress that loved him for himself alone? I have for some years sought for a ' woman who, a stranger to my fortune, could think that I ' had merit as a man. After having tried in vain, even among the pert and the ugly, how great at last must be my ' rapture, to have made a conquest over such sense and ' fuch heavenly beauty!' Then turning to Jenkinson----As I cannot, Sir, part with this young lady myfelf, for the hath taken a fancy to the cut of my face, all the recom-' pence I can make is to give you her fortune, and you may ' call upon my steward to-morrow for five hundred pounds.' Thus we had all our compliments to repeat, and Lady Thornhill underwent the fame round of ceremony that her fister had done before. In the mean time Sir William's gentleman appeared, to tell us that the equipages were ready to carry us to the inn, where every thing was prepared for our reception. My wife and I led the van, and left those gloomy mansions of forrow. The generous baronet ordered forty pounds to be distributed among the prisoners; and

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Mr. Wilmot, induced by his example, gave half that fum. We were received below by the shouts of the villagers, and I saw and shook by the hand two or three of my honest parishioners, who were among the number. They attended us to our inn, where a sumptuous entertainment was provided, and coarser provisions distributed in great quantities among the populace.

After supper, as my spirits were exhausted by the alteration of pleasure and pain which they had sustained during the day, I asked permission to withdraw; and leaving the company in the midst of their mirth, as soon as I sound myself alone, I poured out my heart in gratitude to the Giver of joy as well as forrow, and then slept undisturbed till morning.

#### CHAP. XIII.

#### THE CONCLUSION.

THE next morning, as foon as I awaked, I found my eldest son sitting at my bed-side, who came to increase my joy with another turn of fortune in my favour. First having released me from the settlement that I had made the day before in his favour, he let me know that my merchant who had sailed in town was arrested at Antwerp, and there had given up effects to a much greater amount than what was due to his creditors. My boy's generosity pleased me almost as much as this unlooked-sor good fortune. But I had some doubts whether I ought in justice to accept his offer. While I was pondering upon this, Sir

William entered the room, to whom I communicated my doubts. His opinion was, that as my fon was already possessed of a very affluent fortune by his marriage, I might accept his offer without any helitation. His buliness, however, was to inform me, that as he had the night before fent for the licences, and expected them every hour, he hoped that I would not refuse my affistance in making all the company happy that morning. A footman entered while we were speaking, to tell us that the messenger was returned; and as I was by this time ready, I went down, where I found the whole company as merry as affluence and innocence could make them. However, as they were now preparing for a very folemn ceremony, their laughter entirely displeased me. I told them of the grave, becoming, and fublime deportment, they should assume upon this mystical occasion, and read them two homilies and a thesis of my own composing, in order to prepare them. Yet they still feemed perfectly refractory and ungovernable. Even as we were going along to church, to which I led the way, all gravity had quite forfaken them, and I was often tempted to turn back in indignation. In church a new dilemma arose, which promised no easy solution. This was, which couple should be married first: my fon's bride warmly infifted, that Lady Thornhill (that was to be) should take the lead; but this the other refused with equal ardour, protesting she would not be guilty of such rudeness for the world. The argument was supported for some time between both with equal obstinacy and good-breeding. But as I stood all this time with my book ready, I was at last quite tired of the contest, and shutting it --- 'I perceive,' cried I, 'that none of you have a mind to be married, and 'I think we had as good go back again; for I suppose there

will be no business done here to-day.' This at once reduced them to reason. The baronet and his lady were first married, and then my son and his lovely partner.

I had previously that morning given orders that a coach should be fent for my honest neighbour Flamborough and his family; by which means, upon our return to the inn, we had the pleafure of finding the two Miss Flamboroughs alighted before us. Mr. Jenkinson gave his hand to the eldeft, and my fon Moses led up the other; (and I have fince found that he has taken a real liking to the girl, and my confent and bounty he shall have whenever he thinks proper to demand them.) We were no fooner returned to the inn, but numbers of my parishioners, hearing of my fuccefs, came to congratulate me; but among the rest were those who rose to rescue me, and whom I formerly rebuked with fuch sharpness. I told the story to Sir William, my fon-in-law, who went out and reproved them with great feverity; but finding them quite disheartened by this harsh reproof, he gave them half a guinea a piece to drink his health and raife their dejected spirits.

Soon after this we were called to a very genteel entertainment, which was dreffed by Mr. Thornhill's cook. And it may not be improper to observe, with respect to that gentleman, that he now resides in quality of companion at a relation's house, being very well liked, and seldom sitting at the side-table, except when there is no room at the other, for they make no stranger of him. His time is pretty much taken up in keeping his relation, who is a little melancholy, in spirits, and in learning to blow the French horn. My eldest daughter, however, still remembers him with regret; and she has even told me, though I make a great secret of it, that when he reforms she may be brought

to relent. But to return, for I am not apt to digrefs thus; when we were to fit down to dinner, our ceremonies were going to be renewed. The question was, whether my eldest daughter, as being a matron, should not sit above the two young brides; but the debate was cut short by my fon George, who proposed that the company should sit indiscriminately, every gentleman by his lady. This was received with great approbation by all, excepting my wife, who, I could perceive, was not perfectly fatisfied, as she expected to have had the pleasure of fitting at the head of the table, and carving all the meat for all the company. But notwithstanding this, it is impossible to describe our goodhumour. I can't fay whether we had more wit amongst us now than usual; but I am certain we had more laughing, which answered the end as well. One jest I particularly remember: old Mr. Wilmot drinking to Moses, whose head was turned another way, my fon replied --- ' Madam, 'I thank you.' Upon which the old gentleman winking upon the rest of the company, observed that he was thinking of his mistress. At which jest I thought the two Miss Flamboroughs would have died with laughing. As foon as dinner was over, according to my old custom, I requested that the table might be taken away, to have the pleasure of feeing all my family affembled once more by a chearful fire-fide. My two little ones fat upon each knee, the rest of the company by their partners. I had nothing now on this fide of the grave to wish for; all my cares were over, my pleasure was unspeakable. It now only remained, that my gratitude in good fortune should exceed my former submission in adversity. AU 64



